CARNRICK'S
SOLUBLE FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk and agrees with all Infants and Children.
THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the Child without the addition of Cow's Milk.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28560—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1891.

CUTLER, PALMER'S
FAMOUS WHISKIES

	Per Doz. Rs. A.
Pall Mall, 11 years old	36 0
Napier Johnstone's Square Bottle	31 8
Heart Bottle	28 13
O. B.	27 0
Glentromie	26 0
Ben-Tor (cheapest)	15 0

O. V. G. Market Rates.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	17th Oct.
B.L. CATHAY	2083	500	A. Symons	24th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	31st „
B.L. ORIENTAL	4972	1000	E. Stewart	7th Nov.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	14th „
B.L. OCEANA	6188	1200	P. S. Tomlin	21st „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	25th „
B.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	5th Dec.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	12th „
B.L. PESHAWUR	3906	600	W. A. Wheler	19th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	26th „
B.L. ROSETTA	3411	700	C. Gadd	2nd Jany.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	9th „
B.L. CARTHAGE	4879	1000	M. de Horne	16th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	23rd „
B.L. PENINSULAR	4972	1000	A. C. Loggin	30th „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	6th Feb.
B.L. MIRZAPORE	3892	600	R. Harvey	13th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	2 th „
B.L. PEKIN	3903	600	P. Harris	27th „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	th Mar.
B.L. KHEDIVE	3868	600	L. H. Moule	12th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	19th „

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers ranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.
A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	About
ROSETTA	3411	700	G. Gadd	22nd Oct.
PEKIN	3903	600	P. Harris	5th Novr.
PENINSULAR	4972	1000	A. C. Loggin	19th „
MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	3rd Dec.
MALWA	2970	500	C. F. Preston	17th „

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, September 18, 1891.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.
FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 300, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Hand-books.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other First Class Steamers will LEAV Bombay:—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
S. S. R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	20th Oct., 1891.
S. S. D'CO. BALDUINO	5,000	800	10th Nov., 1891.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of Food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG

Steamer	To sail
BISAGNO	On the 7th Nov., 1891.

For Hand-books of Information and other Particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, October 9, 1891.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Nov. '91.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Dec. '91.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 13

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
ORION	A. Orlando	3,800	550	18th Nov. '91

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
MELPOMENE	A. Mitis	3,800	500	24th Oct. '91.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

O. VON HOFFER,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay.
October 1, 1891.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail.
ROUMANIA	W. S. Young	3387	4th Nov.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles.)
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.
All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, October 11th, 1891.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission*. Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.
CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.
Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.
Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.
PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED) Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE, KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 1,168 tons, on the 14th October, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrol, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie and Kurrachee, weather permitting.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,168 tons, on 17th October, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, on the 18th October, at 11 a.m. or after arrival of incoming English Mail Steamer, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Bussrah, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,610 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 15th October, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 10th October 1891. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1891.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION*.
SECOND SALOON accomodation by P. and O. secured a very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.
Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.
PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING, KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.
BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished and every facility given for examination.
LOANS granted on approved security. Letters of Credits and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates, and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge*.
Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,	KING, BAILLIE & Co.,
CALCUTTA.	LIVERPOOL.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES. TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 12th October, 1891, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.
"A Steam launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey the passengers on board the Steamer."

SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CITY LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel	Captain	Tons	To sail.
CITY OF DUBLIN	W. Greenborn	3287	26th Oct. 1891.

THIS steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins on Deck amidships. Punkahs and every comfort for First Class passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European. Apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 7th October 1891.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
FAVOURABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing berths according to individual requirements.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris, and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe via China and America.
HEAVY BAGGAGE received and forwarded.
INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued. Insurance of Passengers' Baggage effected.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, which are cashed by our Agents and Banking Correspondents in all parts of the World.
LETTERS OF CREDIT for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World issued.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on our Branch Offices.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at favourable rates.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received, available at any time for remittance to England. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY AND PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS OR REMITTANCES made expeditiously at best rate of Exchange *without charge for Commission*, and payable at our offices in any part of the World.
Handbook of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Rampart Row.
CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

TO RAILWAY COMPANIES, CONTRACTORS, ENGINEERS, &c.

APPROACHING COMPLETION, TANSA WATER WORKS.

DYNAMITE.

CONTRACTORS having a Surplus Stock of the best English Quality are prepared to disposes to immediately at low rates.

For Prices and Particulars address
WALSH, LOVETT & Co.,
18, Esplanade Road, Bombay,
Who will have also for disposal
BRIDGE ERECTING PLANT.

5-TON LIFTING CRANES	DIVING APPARATUS
STEAM & OTHER WINCHES	DREDGERS
PULLEY BLOCKS	PILE DRIVERS

IRON CENTRES FOR ARCHING, 7, 10, 20, 30 ft. SPANS.
TUNNEL PLANT.
Cornish, Vertical, Multitubular, Roots Boilers.
Horizontal Engines, with Air Compressors.
Complete sets of Rock Drilling Machines.
Steam and other Pumps.
Wrought Iron Pipes, Lathes, &c.
Small Tunnel Waggons.
TRAMWAY PLANT.
Locomotives (Hunslet Engine Co.) 2 ft. 6 in. gauge.
Waggons, Trollies, &c.
Steel Rails, 16lbs.
Teakwood Sleepers.

GYMKHANA KIT.

FOOTBALLS.

		No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7
FOOTBALLS, Association	Cash	Rs. 5 12	6 4	7 8	8 12
	Credit	Rs. 6 8	7 4	8 8	9 12
Do. Rugby	Cash	Rs. 5 4	5 12	6 12	8 0
	Credit	Rs. 6 0	6 8	7 12	9 0
SPARE INSIDES, best Rubber	Cash	Rs. 1 12	2 0	2 8	3 0
	Credit	Rs. 2 0	2 4	2 12	3 8
SHIN GUARDS	Cash	per pair from Rs.		1 8 to	2 8
	Credit	„ „	„	1 12 to	3 0

LAWN-TENNIS.

	Cash.	Credit.
BATS, Best English make, Men's, each	Rs. 6 4	Rs. 7 4
Do. do. Champion match, Plain strung, „	9 0	10 0
Do. do. Plain double strung, „	11 0	12 8
Do. do. Cork-bandled „	10 0	11 4
Do. Treacher's "No Plus Ultra," the latest pattern, „	11 0	12 8
Do. The Demon, Slazenger's, „	11 8	13 0
Do. The Victor, Fortnam's „	11 0	12 8
Do. Cane and Ash „	12 8	14 0
Do. Ayres' Champion, „	12 0	14 0
BALLS, Best Flannel covered, match, per doz.	8 0	9 0
Do. do. Perfect Seamless „	12 0	13 8
BALLS, Ayres' Best, Flannel covered „	10 8	11 12
NETS, strong Cord, with Poles complete, 42 by 3¼, Regulation Club, each	12 0	13 0
PRESSES, in plain Mahogany, with Screws, „	8 0	9 0
SHOES, Gentlemen's, with plain or corrugated India Rubber Soles, per pair	12 0	13 8
A complete set, consisting of 4 best Ash Bats, 6 covered India Rubber Balls, strong Cord Net, with Poles, Stay Ropes, Pegs, &c., and Book of Instruction, in deal wood case, per set	44 0	49 0

QUOITS.

Best Polished, 4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, and 6½ lbs. per pair.	Cash.	Credit.
QUOITS, Best Steel, per lb.	Re. 0 14	1 0
PINS do. per pair	„ 1 8	1 12

GOLF KIT.

	Cash. Re. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
BALLS, Eclipse, V. A. I. Nos. 26, 27, 27½, and 28, Per doz.	9 0	10 0
BRASSY SPOONS, Cleeks, Irons (lofting or pitching), Each	5 0	5 12
NIBLECKS Iron, Niblecks Brass, Each	5 0	5 12
PLAY CLUB OR DRIVER, Putters Spoons, Long, Short, Middle, „	4 4	4 12

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
HAMILTON AND COMPANY,
JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS,
DIAMOND MERCHANTS,
73, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

IN order to still further add to the convenience of our Friends and Customers in the Bombay Presidency, we have recently enlarged our Manufactory at our Branch Establishment in Bombay. This will accommodate a greater number of Workmen than we have hitherto been able to find room for. Our principal Workshops are in Calcutta, where we employ a large number of skilled Workmen, both European and Native, and our Bombay Management has been in the past mainly dependent upon them to supply work made to express order.

We hope now, however, to manufacture whatever is required of our Bombay Branch in the CITY of BOMBAY itself. At the same time, our more extensive plant in Calcutta will always be available. By these arrangements a great saving in time will be effected, which in case of Jewellery repairs is often of the first importance.

SPECIAL CARE and ATTENTION is given to our WATCH REPAIRING DEPARTMENT, and no Watches or Clocks are allowed to leave our Workshops until they have been carefully examined and tested by the head of the Department.

HAMILTON AND COMPANY.

THORPE AND CO.

NEW SEASON'S STOCK.
HELMETS AND SUN HATS.
NOW ARRIVED.

	Rs. a.
ELLWOOD'S PATENT DOUBLE-BODIED AIR-CHAMBER HELMET, with outer BULGE, best Drab Felt, strongly made, a splendid protection	18 8
THE SAME MAKE as above, plain Helmet shape, without Bulge, DOUBLE-BODIED, splendid protection	18 8
ELLWOOD'S EXTRA STOUT Drab Felt HELMET, felt under brim, well ventilated, good, strong, and lasting	10 8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB HELMET, with BULGE, extra wide brim	13 8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB "MELTON," with outer Bulge, DOUBLE-BODIED air-chamber, a splendid protection	17 8
ELLWOOD'S EXTRA STOUT White Drill Shooting Hat, body of cork and felt, really good and useful	13 8
ELLWOOD'S TAN HUNTING, as above	13 8
ELLWOOD'S REGULATION HELMET, covered, finest White Drill	13 8
HAWKE'S REGULATION HELMET, covered, fine White Doeskin, Infantry and Cavalry Pattern	20 0
HAWKE'S REGULATION HELMET, Cover Khakee Drill, Infantry and Cavalry Pattern	18 8
TERAI HATS, Best Felt, Drab and Fawn, latest shapes	14 8

LADIES'

	Rs. a.
ELLWOOD'S DRAB MELTON, fine Felt, with extra Wide Brim, lined Silk, and Velvet pad	13 8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB FELT HELMET, the new Shape, well Ventilated and light lined Silk, and Velvet pad	13 8
ELLWOOD'S HELMET, covered fine White Drill, splendid protection, lined Silk, and Velvet pad	15 8
TERAI HATS, Best Felt, Drab, and Fawn	14 8

THORPE AND CO.,
RAM[illegible]T ROW, BOMBAY.

MESSRS. MARCKS & COMPANY,
WATCH, CLOCK, AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS;
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS;
MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JEWELLERY;
DIAMOND AND PEARL MERCHANTS;
DEALERS IN EVERY SORT OF PRECIOUS STONES,
No. 43, ESPLANADE ROAD, AND No. 1, ASH LANE,
BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

OUR numerous Friends and Customers having often expressed their appreciation of our liberal arrangements for their convenience, we beg to state publicly that we shall always study how best to meet the wishes of all persons dealing with us. The large European and Native establishment of skilled workmen kept by us has lately been increased; and we are prepared to execute all the additional orders, with which we may be favoured, with even greater despatch than heretofore.

THE REPAIRING of WATCHES and CLOCKS is still done entirely by the best-skilled European Watch-makers; and each Time-piece is thoroughly examined and tested by the Managing Director before it leaves their hands.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LD.,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

SELECTED SHERRIES AND PORTS.

SHERRIES—
FROM GONZALEZ BYASS & Co.

	Rs. a.
GIBRALTAR, per doz.	18 0
PALE DINNER, „	22 0
DRY FINO „	23 0
VINO DE PASTO „	26 0
MANZANILLA „	29 0
AMOROSO „	29 0
AMONTILLADO „	35 0
MARSALA „	18 0
MADEIRA „	33 0

PORTS—

	Quarts, Rs. a.	Pints. Rs. a.
SPANISH, an agreeable Wine, per doz.	18 0	10 0
DESSERT, full fruity flavour. „	25 0	13 8
SUPERIOR OLD (Invalid). A very fine Vintage Wine, rich, soft, and delicate, specially selected for invalids „	33 0	17 8
TENT for Sacramental use, an unfermented Wine „	29 0	...
SAINT RAPHAEL Wine, invaluable as a Tonic „	24 0	...

BOMBAY: Oriental Bank Buildings, and Byculla Bridge. } **PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,** { POONA: Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth, City.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.,
ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS,
SHIP AND MILL-WRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of Buildings for Cotton Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description, Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Castings, Road Rollers, &c. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter. Cutters made for Wheel-cutting Machines.
To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have lately added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, and greatly extended our Foundry.
We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Girders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture and erect same in any part of India.

TRADE MARK.

A GREAT WANT SUPPLIED! **VALVOLINE** THE ONLY BEST EVER OFFERED LUBRICANT!

Sole Agents for Messrs. Leonard & Ellis' Celebrated Valvoline Oils for Cylinders and Machinery.
For Downie's "Eucalyptus," Boiler Fluid, for preventing and removing Scale in Boilers.
„ Messrs. Wormald & Co.'s Fibrous Non-conducting Composition for covering Steam Boilers and Pipes.
„ The Climax Motor, for Baird's Sight-feed Lubricators.
Also Plate, Bar, and Angle Iron of the largest sections. Diamond, Silver and other Steel, and Engineers' Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.
For Sale—Galloways and Cochrane's Boilers, Shank's Engines, Contractors' Pumps and all boiler fittings, pipes, cocks, &c.

WORKS AND OFFICES, DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON
AND BRANCH FACTORY, CARNAC IRON WORKS,
NEAR CARNAC BRIDGE.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN, & HEPWORTH,
SECRETARIES AND MANAGERS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KEMP'S SUMMER SALINE,
A PLEASANT EFFERVESCING APERIENT SALT.
Invaluable in cases of Fever, Biliousness, Sick-Headache, Constipation and Impurities of the Blood.
Per Bottle, Re. 1-4.
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

RESERVOIR PENS.
PENHOLDERS and INKSTANDS COMBINED. They are of a suitable size for the pocket and can be used with any Nib.
Each Rs. 2 and Rs. 2-12.
KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
CUMBALLA HILL & BYCULLA.

PLAYING CARDS.
SQUEEZERS, ROUND CORNERS, GILT EDGES.
Per Pack (in Box) Re. 1-12.
Cheaper Qualities, Re. 1-4 and Re. 1-8.
KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
CUMBALLA HILL & BYCULLA.

KEMP'S TOILET POWDER.
A PURE Delicately Scented Powder for Nursery or Toilet use. Guaranteed Free from Mineral Constituents and Absolutely Harmless to the Most Delicate Skin.
Per small Tin, Annas 10. Per large Tin, Re. 1.
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

INDIGESTION.
IMMEDIATE Relief and a Speedy Cure effected by the use of
KEMP'S PAPARIDINE.
Strongly recommended by the Profession.
Per Bottle, Rs. 2.
KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

WANTED.

WANTED, FOR THE PUNJAB CLUB,
AN experienced European BACHELOR STEWARD from 1st November. Terms Rs. 100 per month and Free Quarters. Apply up to 25th October, enclosing copies of Testimonials, to
THE HONORARY SECRETARY,
Punjab Club, Lahore.

FOR SALE.

THE
RAILWAY SERVICE PRESS, LD.
(IN LIQUIDATION.)
OFFERS ARE INVITED FOR
THE PURCHASE OF THE
STOCK, BLOCK, PLANT, AND GOOD-WILL
OF THE
RAILWAY SERVICE PRESS (LD.)
(IN LIQUIDATION)
AS A GOING CONCERN.
THIS PRESS PUBLISHES THE
"MORNING POST,"
(A WIDELY CIRCULATED DAILY PAPER)
AND THE
N.-W. P. ADVERTISER,
(AN EXCELLENT LOCAL ADVERTISING PAPER),
AND HAS A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ORNAMENTAL
AND OTHER TYPE SUITABLE FOR
JOB WORK.
THE PROPERTY IS VALU
Rs. 1,02,000.
Offers to be made in writing addressed to THE LIQUIDATOR, RAILWAY SERVICE PRESS, Limited, (*in Liquidation*), up to noon of the 15th October, 1891, and the highest offer to be subject to the approval of the Court before acceptance. Failing the receipt of an approved offer, the property will be put up to Public Auction on the 31st October, 1891.
P. J. O'HANLON,
Liquidator.
Allahabad, 16th September, 1891.

PIANOFORTE SHOW-ROOMS.
PERSONS in want of a really good new (or second-hand) PIANO are invited to call at the above.
PIANOFORTES exchanged,
PIANOFORTES for hire,
PIANOFORTES renovated,
PIANOFORTES tuned,
At No. 43, Esplanade Road, and No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay.
MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LD.,
IMPORTERS AND AGENTS.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY for 1891—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to Date Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound Price Rs. 5. Postage, 4 Annas.—*Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LOOK OUT !

THE GREAT HARVEY and FLETCHEN IDEAL COMPANY are *en route* for Bombay, where they purpose opening on or about the 17th inst,

The whole of the Artists comprising the company are so world-wide known, that it is needless to praise them. When seen they will obtain their meed of praise, which has been accorded to them everywhere.

Full particulars will be notified in this paper.

W. E. LITCHFIELD,
Business Manager.

FORT PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rupees (35) thirty-five per Share has been declared for the year ending 30th June, 1891, and will be payable at the Company's office at Colaba on and after Tuesday, the 20th October, 1891, to all Registered Shareholders on production of Share Certificates.

RUSTOMJEE P. BILIMORIA,
Chairman.

Bombay, 10th October, 1891.

FOR SALE.

5807 Second-hand used Files of various sorts and sizes. Apply to the Chief Storekeeper, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Nagpur, C. P.

LOCAL SHOW OF ARTS AND CRAFTS, SURAT.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE AND APPROVAL OF HIS EXCELLENCY LORD HARRIS, G.C.I.E., GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

IT is proposed to hold at Surat, on the 12th November (DEODIVALI DAY), and following days, an Exhibition of Articles produced in the town and district. Prizes of the value of not less than Rs. 1,000 will be given for local wood-carving, carpentery, mofal-work, kinkhab, silks, cotton-cloths, pottery, leather-work, &c., including His Excellency the Governor's prize for the best exhibit in the Show. The attention of business men is called to the project, which is mainly intended as a means of introducing to their notice the products of the district with a view to their development. The Committee depend for success on the commercial value of the exhibits, but they at the same time invite well-wishers to contribute to the prize-fund and to aid in all ways by their presence and advice.

MADHVACHRAM B. HORA,
NANUMIA B. SHAIKH,
Honorary Secretaries.

Surat, 9th October 1891.

EVENING DRESS SUITS.

SPECIAL light textures for Indian Wear, cut and finished in the very best Style.

PRICE LIST:

Semi Dress Coats, Rs 40, 45, 50.
White Dress Vests Rs. 10 to 12.
Dress Suits, complete, Rs. 75 to 105.

ASQUITH,
LORD AND WHITMORE,
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

WANTED a SANITARY SUPERINTENDENT for the Surat City Municipality. Salary Rs. 130, rising to Rs. 200 by increment of Rs. 25 after every three years' service, which must be satisfactory. The last increment to be of Rs. 20. This salary is exclusive of the Horse allowance. None having no knowledge of Sanitary works need apply. The applicant should be young, sober, energetic and able to ride. If the applicant is a medical man, he will not be permitted to practise in the city. Applications, with copies of testimonials, will be received by the undersigned up to the 31st instant.

By order,
NANU MIAN B. SHAIK,
Secretary, Surat Municipality.

Surat, Municipal Office, 6th October 1891.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

SEASON 1891-92.

Albums (Photo. & Scrap).	Luncheon Baskets.
Bath Tubs (Galvanised Iron).	PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.
Bath Tubs (Travellers', with Cover).	PIANOS, Lipp's, Square and Semi-Grand.
BENT WOOD FURNITURE.	Piano Insulators.
Canteen Baskets.	Piano Stools.
Carpets.	Pipes, Meerschaum, Briar, Clay, &c.
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.	Roasting Jacks and Screens.
Cigar Cases and Holders.	Sheeting.
CIGARETTES (EGYPTIAN, Th. Vafiadis).	Shikar Cloth.
Cigarettes (Own Manufacture).	Smokers' Requisites.
Cigaretto Cases and Holders.	Snuffs.
COOKING STOVES, for Wood, Coke, or Coal.	Sponges, Bath and Toilette.
Counterpanes.	SPOTTED CABANAS. TABLE LINEN.
Curtains (Door and Window).	Table Covers, Fancy.
D'Oyleys.	Teas, Kangra and Nilgiri.
Eau de Stuttgart.	TOBACCOS.
ENAMELLED IRON WARE.	Toilette Table Covers.
Folding Furniture.	Towels.
Folding Tables (Iron).	Travellers' Requisites.
	Wanzer Cookers.
	Warming Stoves.
	Washing Sets, Enamelled Iron.

Particulars and Special Catalogue supplied on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
BOMBAY.

READ THIS !

ENTERTAINMENTS FOR EVENING PARTIES,

GARDEN FETES, SCHOOLS, INSTITUTIONS, &c., &c.

MR. ROBERT BRUCE, Illusionist, Ventriloquist, and Cabalistic Performer begs to announce that he undertakes the entire management of every description of Public or Private entertainments.

TERMS—On application to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.' where Programmes can be seen.

N. B.—Numerous Testimonials can be shown if required.

SOUTHALL'S
MOSQUITO CONES.

EACH BOX GIVES TWENTY-FOUR QUIET NIGHTS' REST.

A Cone burnt in the Room a few minutes before going to Bed will drive away and stupefy all kinds of MOSQUITOES, FLIES, BEETLES, and other annoying INSECTS.

Southall's MOSQUITO CONES, being composed entirely of harmless aromatic plants, give off an agreeable odour, which even the most delicate persons can tolerate.

Per Box, As. 12.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
BOMBAY.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two letters to the *Bombay Gazette*, and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK,

Price 8 Annas,

CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

SOLE LESSEE.....MR. GEO. C. MILN.
STAGE MANAGER.....MR. J. H. NUNN.
The Curtain will rise this evening precisely at 9 o'clock.

LAST SIX NIGHTS OF
MR. GEO. C. MILN,
MR. GEO. C. MILN,
Supported by
MISS LOUISE JORDAN
AND THE MILN DRAMATIC COMPANY.

TO-NIGHT ! TO-NIGHT !! TO-NIGHT !!!
MONDAY, 12TH OCTOBER,
AND TO-MORROW, TUESDAY,
SHAKESPEARE'S GLORIOUS TRAGEDY,
"MERCHANT OF VENICE."
"MERCHANT OF VENICE."
"MERCHANT OF VENICE."

WEDNESDAY,
(First production here of the famous drama)
"CALLED BACK."

THURSDAY,
"EAST LYNNE."

FRIDAY,
"ROMEO AND JULIET."
SATURDAY,
"HAMLET."

STUDENTS of the Various Colleges in Bombay will be admitted to the Shakespearian Performances at the following Reduced Prices :—

SECOND SEATS .....TWO RUPEES.
PIT.....ONE RUPEE.
BACK SEATS .....EIGHT ANNAS.

These Tickets can only be had from the office of the *Kaisar-i-Hind* press (by kind permission of Mr. Framjee Mehta). NONE WILL BE SOLD AT THE THEATRE.

Box Plan at SOUNDY & Co.
Soldiers and Sailors Half Price to Pit and Back Seats only

SKATING RINK.

TO-DAY, MONDAY, 12TH OCTOBER, 1891.

SPECIAL PEOPLE'S NIGHT,
(8-30 to 11 P.M.).

FREE ADMISSION ! FREE ADMISSION ! !

LADIES' SESSION, from 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.
Admission Free. Skates 8 annas.

AFTERNOON SESSION, from 5 to 7 P.M.
Admission Re. 1, with use of Skates.

FREDELIS'S STRING BAND.

A EUROPEAN INSTRUCTOR is present at all Sessions.

NUGENT & Co,

SKATING RINK.

PROFESSOR VIRBECK.
WEDNESDAY, 14th SEPT.
PROFESSOR VIRBECK.

VICTORIA GARDENS.

FRIDAY, 16TH OCTOBER 1891.

GRAND BALLOON ASCENT AND PARACHUTE JUMP
BY
MISS JEANETE VAN TASSELL,
THE ONLY LADY AERONAUT,

And the Heroine of over 300 Assensions and Jumps in all parts of the world.

BALLOON INFLATION AT NOON.

ASCENT at between 4-30 and 5 p.m.

ADMISSION.—Rs. 3 : Rs. 2 ; and 8 ans.

Children Half Price to First and Second Seats only.

MILITARY BAND, from 3 to 5-30 p.m.

FIRST-CLASS REFRESHMENTS.

Special Terms to Schools on application to

PROF. P. A. VAN TASSELL, Great Western Hotel.

Come and witness the Daring Feat
BY A YOUNG LADY.

Reserved Seats at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

MACIVER LINE.

RUTHENIA, of 5,305 tons. This magnificent twin screw steamer WILL SAIL for MARSEILLES and PLYMOUTH, on the 4th November, positively.

She is fitted throughout with Electric Light, has accommodation for 66 First Class passengers, and carries Doctor and Stewardess.

She has Ladies' Boudoir, Smoke Room, Ice House, &c,&c. Due at Marseilles 21st November ; detention there probably two days.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE BHANDOOP ESTATE.

THE Undersigned hereby inform the public that the Bombay High Court has in suit No. 337 of 1889 declared that the BHANDOOP ESTATE is charged with the payment of Rs. 53,171-11-1, being trust monies, and that the Undersigned with other members of their family are the owners of 5-8th shares in the income of the said estate.

The said estate is now under attachment through the District Court at Tanna, for the abovementioned sum.

The public are therefore hereby warned not to deal in any way with the said estate either by purchase, mortgage or otherwise.

BOWMANJEE CURSETJEE,
HIRJEEBHOY CURSETJEE C.
ARDESHIR C. BHANDUPVALA,

Bombay, 9th October, 1891.

BHAVNAGAR-GONDAL JUNAGAD-PORBANDAR RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ON and from the 1st November, 1891, the TRAIN SERVICE on the B.-G. J.-P. Railway will be as follows :—

Up	Mail	Mixed	Mixed
Bhavnagar.....Dep	9-17	20-30	14-17
Dhola Junction ....Arri	11-24	22-53	16-39
Dhola Junction.....Dep	11-44	23-30	.....
Wadhwan Junction,.Arri	15-21	5 17	.....
Down	**Mail**	**Mixed**	**Mixed**
Wadhwan Junction..Dep	13-5	23-39	....
Dhola Junction.....Arri	16-44	2-24	.....
Dhola Junction ....Dep	16-59	6-2	11-29
Bhavnagar .....Arri	18-37	8-30	13-50

	Mxd.	Mxd.		Mxd.	Mxd.
Dhola Junction..D	6-15	17-10	Porbandar .....D	...	6- 0
JetalsarJunction.A	12- 7	21-49	Dhoraji.....D	5-27	..
Do. ....D	12-27	22-19	JetalsarJunction.A	5-53	10-44
Dhoraji.....A	...	22-43	Do. ....D	6-17	11- 9
Porbandar .....A	17-39	..	Dhola Junction..A	11- 3	16-36

	Mxd.	Mxd.		Mxd.	Mxd.
JetalsarJunction.D	12-32	22-15	Veraval .....D	..	6- 0
Junagad .....A	13-25	23- 2	Junagad .....A	..	9-24
Do. .....D	13-15	..	Do. .....D	5- 0	9-39
Veraval .....A	17- 9	..	JetalsarJunction.A	5-47	10-35

C. CARROLL,
Traffic Superintendent.

Traffic Superintendent's Office, 9th October 1891.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10 ; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5 ; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 25 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Rs. 15 ; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical Englis Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

THE "ST. JAMES'S BUDGET."

A WEEKLY EDITION
OF THE
"ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE."

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION
Including Postage.

Twelve Months..... Rs. 2
Six Months..... " 13-8

The "St. James's Budget" may be ordered at the above rates from Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta ; Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ld., Bombay ; or Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

The Paper will be posted from London direct to the Subscriber's Address.

If paid in England the Rates of Subscription, including Postage, is 8s. 3d. per quarter.

OFFICE :—Dorset Street, Whitefriars, London.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

On THURSDAY, the 15th inst., Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will hold their usual weekly auction sale, at their rooms, of a quantity of grey and colored piece goods, twist, &c.

5 cases white Shirtings.
1 " cashmere cloth.
7 bales grey shirtings.
8 bales scarlet long cils.
1 case white dhooties.
On account of the underwriters—S. G. and Co.
5 cases SWD Sewing Machines.

AUCTION SALE of valuable land at Byculla, Haines Road, Jacob's Circle.

On WEDNESDAY, the 21st inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of Mr. Narotamdass Hurjeewandas, the moatgagee, and on account and at the risk of Alibhoy Esmaljee and Merbhai Esmaljee, the mortgagors, the following valuable land :—

All that piece or parcel of Foras land containing by admeasurement 2,506 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors's new No. 13617 and survey No. 3-3150, situate at Byculla, in Bombay, in the Registration district of Bombay and bounded on the east partly by the property of Mr. (Raghoonath Narayen Khote, and partly by the property of Vinayek, on the south partly by the property of the said Mr. Raghoonath Narayen Khote, and partly by the Haines Road, on the west partly by the Jacob's Circle and partly partly by the Haines Road, and on the north partly by the property of the said Vinayek and partly by the Clerk Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mansucklal, Damoder and Jamsetjee, the mortgagee's Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, October 12th, 1891.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, the very valuable and handsome black wood and teak wood French-polished household furniture of the latest design, by Wimbridge and John Roberts, also English made furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oil-paintings in gilt frame, fancy door curtains, brass pedestal lamp, with beads shade, very rich Persian carpets, handsome Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of R. BRANSON, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view,

AUCTION SALE OF SWEEPINGS, OLD WOOD, IRON, &c., AT PRINCE'S DOCK.

Under instructions from the Superintendent, Victoria and Prince's Docks, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on THURSDAY, the 15th instant, at 1 p.m., sell by Public Auction at the Dock premises—

A quantity of sweepings, old wood, iron, &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE OF LOST LUGGAGE AND UNCLAIMED GOODS AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY VICTORIA TERMINUS.

On FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place—

A quantity of lost luggage and unclaimed goods.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, October 12th, 1891.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CARDS FOR SALE.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 13th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on account and at the risk of Mr. Pallonjee Sorabjee,

1 case Christmas and New Year's cards of various designs. In lots to suit purchasers.

Our next Weekly Sale will be held on TUESDAY, the 13th instant, instead of MONDAY, the 12th instant.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 13th instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece-goods, and the following :—

3 cases coloured flannel.
150 casks cement.
14 casks soft soap.
7 bales cotton driving ropes.
2 bales belting.
1 case roller skins.
93 coils rope, 1f to 4 inches.
1 D B B L safety gun, by Holland and Holland, 12 bore, choke barrel ; with implements in leather case.
A consignment of superior carpets of various sizes and of different Persian patterns.
On account and at the risk of Mooljee Anundjee—
67
E C 1039—1 case felt cloth.
E F
On account and at the risk of Esabhoy Cadurbhoy and Mahomedally Goolamhoosein—
E C-554—6, 12, 13 and 21—4 cases imitation gold leaf.
On account of the concerned—
A quantity of silver jewellery, consisting of bracelets, necklaces, brooches, lockets, &c.
On account of the concerned—
116 bundles spindle banding.
10 " rim banding.
10 " scroll banding.
By order of Abdoolally and Ahmedjee, and on account of the underwriters—
A & A 3—1 case 60 bundles each 8 oz. half fine gold thread, ex s. s. Imperator.

AT 2 P.M.

1 grey waler mare, about 8 years old.
1 strong useful brown C B Gelding, 14-3, quiet in single and double harness.
1 light and handsome victoria.
1 strong second-hand double seated brougham.
1 second-hand canoe shaped landau.
1 second-hand English built brougham.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF BEST CHINA CLAY.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 13th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms—

25 tons best China clay, guaranteed free from all defects.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF AMERICAN GOODS.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 13th instant, at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on account of the concerned, a consignment of American goods, consisting of velvet lined sofas and chairs, desk, bond and cash boxes, superior made woollen trunks, hand-bags of sizes, umbrellas, hand concert organs, handsome lamps, harmonium, jewells' refugerators suitable for hotels and messes, mechanical toys, one case of vegetable and flower seeds, by James Vick, consisting of 90 sorts, etc.

The above is now on view.

On THURSDAY, the 15th October, at 1 p. m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Medow Street, Fort, below the office of Mr. N. M. Petit, the valuable and handsome F. P. blackwood and teakwood household furniture, gilt peerglasses, Brussels carpets, iron single and double bedsteads, one sweet-toned rosewood grand square pianoforte, handsome table and hanging lamps, also an invoice of fancy goods and table ornaments, &c.

The above is now on view.

SALE OF TEAK SCANTLINGS.

On FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Byculla Saw Mills and Timber Works,—

A quantity of mil sawn timber of various sizes, and suitable to different varieties of work, in lots to suit purchasers.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT RIPON ROAD, OUTSIDE THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

On WEDNESDAY, the 21st instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co, will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Fatumboo alias Fatmabai, wife of Ebrahim Budroodin, deceased, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 7th day of November, 1887, the following property viz. :—

All that piece or parcel of fazandari land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling-houses or range of buildings, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate on the eastern side of Ripon Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 303 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and Taxes under E Ward Nos. 389 and 2382, and Street Nos. 167 and 169, and bounded as follows,—that is to say on the east by the ground of Mooljt Jaitha, on the west by the said Ripon Road, on the north and south by the property of Sydna Hussan bin Ismail Fazandar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Mr. T. A. Bland, the Mortgagee's attorney, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, October 12th, 1891.

CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.'s BAZAR.

FOR SALE.

BRAND new English-made CARRIAGES, such as Victorias, Cee and underspring Victorias, half Cee spring Victorias, Cance Landaus, and Mail Phaetons, built to order, by best makers, and suitable for one or pair of horses ; also some second hand English-made light carriages.

A few sets of English-made new plated and brass mounted single, double, and four-in-hand Harnesses. Also best real MOCCA COFEE, in bags of 7 lbs each.

FOR SALE AND HIRE.

Blackwood, carved and teakwood French-polished FURNITURE of the lastest design.

Some Dinner and Dessert Sets, Glass Ware, Plated Ware and Silver Cutch Works, &c.

Apply to
CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

KEATING'S BONBONS OR WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles by all Chemists.

SHIRTS FOR DRESS. SHIRTS.

QUALITY C, HALF DOZEN.....Rs. 21. } CASH
QUALITY D, HALF DOZEN .....Rs. 18. } OR V.P.P.

EXTRA FINE LINEN FRONTS AND CUFFS.

FIT, COMFORT, AND SUPERIOR MANUFACTURE.

SELF-MEASUREMENT FORMS POST FREE.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY.

SPENCER & CO.'S
CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS :—

SALISBURYS, IMPERIALS, MAYOS,
BEACONSFIELDS, LITTLE RANDOLPHS, SUMATRAS,
GOLD MOHURS, SIESTAS, BORNEOS.

NOTICE :—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CAUTION :—It having come to SPENCER & Co.'s knowledge that many Native Firms, with and without European designations, are supplying Cigars bearing the same names as their Popular Brands, they beg to warn the Public against these Imitations, and to request Purchasers to satisfy themselves that the Cigars are of their manufacture by examining the outside of the Box, and to accept none but those bearing the Signature of the Firm on the Label, and one of the Firm's Trade Marks, as below, branded on the Lid :—

Cigars covered with Sumatra leaf bear this brand.

Cigars manufactured with Dindigul Tobacco bear this brand.

SPENCER AND CO.,
HEAD OFFICE :—MADRAS. FACTORY :—DINDIGUL.

BANKS.

THE AGRA BANK, (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£1,30,000.

LONDON BANKERS—*Bank of England, Messrs. Glyn Mills Currie & Co., and National Bank of Scotland, Ld.*

HEAD OFFICE—Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, London.

BRANCHES—Edinburg, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Kurrachee, Agra, Lahore, Rangoon, and Shanghai.

AGENCIES in the Persian Gulf, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed theron when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time for remittance to England in the Bank's Bills, and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected ; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All COMMUNICATIONS should be addressed, and all REMITTANCES made payable to THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY BRANCH—18, RAMPART ROW.

May 16, 1891.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....$ 63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

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WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.

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EWEN CAMERON }

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FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY :

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 4 Per Cent.

Terms for short periods on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPTAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£300,000.
HEAD OFFICE :
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.

On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 " " 3 " "
3 " " 2 " "

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£ 1,000,000.
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000.

The Capital has been adjusted at 1s. 6d. per rupee at a cost of £116,625.

HEAD OFFICE :
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES :

CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KURRACHEE, DELHI, RANGOON, AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand ; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

JAS. BUCHAN,
Manager.

INSURANCES.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE.

FIRE INCOME, 1890, £75,000 IN EXCESS OF 1889.
FUNDS NOW EXCEED 8 MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCES granted on favourable terms.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Agents.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE.

CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED £1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE : ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

A BOON TO MEN

Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY Loss of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper post free, upon application.

The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 414, High Holborn, LONDON.

NOTICES.

THE EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on MONDAY, and TUESDAY, the 12th and 13th October, 1891, being the Public Holidays under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

NOTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of the Manager and Actuary's Circulars, dated May 1891, addressed to the Share-holders and Policy-holders of the Company, issued with the SIXTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT, an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Share-holders and Policy-holders of the ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited, will be held at the Registered Offices of the Company, Albert Building, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th October, 1891, at 1-30 P.M.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.

Albert Building, Oriental Life Office, Bombay, 30th September 1891.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

MESSRS. PISTIS and PELEKANOS, of Cairo, Manufacturers of the best Egyptian Cigarettes ; with a Branch in Calcutta established since 1889 : WILL OPEN a BRANCH in BOMBAY from the 15th instant, at the following address :—No. 6, Esplanade Road, (under the Sassoon's Mechanics' Institute).

PISTIS PELEKANOS,

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDERS FOR STORES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Acting Engineer at his office, Elphinstone Circle, till noon on THURSDAY, 15th October, 1891, for the SUPPLY of the following Stores for 12 months, from January 1st to December 31st, 1892 :—

Castings.
Lime.
Sand.
Coals and Coke.
Cocoanut and Castor Oils.
Cocoanut oil, 1st quality, for Light House use.
Wrought iron.
Stationery.
Sundries and Hardware.
Timber.

Forms of Tender and Schedules of Articles and other particulars may be obtained and samples inspected on application at the Engineer's Storekeeper's office, Elphinstone Bunder, on payment of Rs. 2 for each Schedule. No tender will be received unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 200. Covers to be endorsed "Tender for Stores." The Acting Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender. The tenderer will be bound by his tender as to each article or item for which he tenders, and the Acting Engineer shall be at liberty to accept any portion of a tender and reject the remainder. The cost of stamping Agreements to be borne by the successful tenderers.

Samples of oil for Light House use must be sent in not later than the 9th of October. Each sample should be delivered in one 5 Gallon Can, marked on the outside with a private mark, which should be indicated in the tender. No other mark indicating the name of the firm by whom the sample is sent should appear on the Can.

E. A. CORKE,
Engineer's Storekeeper.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882 and of the NAIGAUM COTTON CLEANING and MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

PURSUANT to the Judge's Order of reference made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Farran in the above matter and bearing date the eleventh day of October one thousand eight hundred and ninety, Notice is hereby given to the Creditors of and all other persons interested in the abovenamed Company that the examination of the second account of PESTONJEE ARDESHIR HORMASJEE WADIA, the Official Liquidator of the abovenamed Company, lodged by him in the office of the Prothonotary of this Honourable Court on the tenth day of September one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, will be proceeded with before me at my office in the Court House on Monday, the Nineteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon and at any adjourned meetings that may be necessary without further notice.—Dated this 3rd day of October 1891.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Commissioner.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE 1500 AMERICAN KEROSINE OIL of well-known makers, either wholesale or retail, at very moderate rates. Apply to

હેપ્તુલા શેઇખાદમની કું૦
ઇ. સ., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 121 Military Messes and 32 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses :—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	Pall Mall, London
CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	Pall Mall, London
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
COLIGNY FRERES	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES	Cognac.
GABRIEL ST. MARC	Cognac.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	London.
VAN ZELL

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	Rs. 25	970
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	995
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	890
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	12½
Chartar Bank	160,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£23
Char. Mercantile	31,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	33
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	15 pr.ct.	£53
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	60,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	150
Silver Share	--	--	..	..	1 0

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	20	20	10	270
Back Bay Baths	750	25	15	7½	205
Badham Pile	40,000	100	10	12	5
Bapty Bros	6,666	20	15	15	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	10	All.	Nil.	100 no
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,50	1,00	75	875xd
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,50	1,50	135	3,825
Do. New Issue	500	37	62	33½	970
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	10	10	2½	87
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	63	60	5 pr. ct.	63½
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	50	50	Rs. 37	950
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	10	10	4 pr. ct	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	50	50	5 pr. ct.	405
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	20	20	Rs. 1	155
Goyer & Co., Ld	500	10	7½	--	10 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety-Ship Assn.	6,00	10	1	10 pr. ct	13
John Roberts & Co	1,500	10	10	10 pr. ct	91
Kemp & Co.	4,000	20	17	35½	320x1
Kurrachee Landing	500	60	30	30	10½
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,50	10	10	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	10	10	Rs. 5	94
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	10	9pr. ct	51
Napier Foundry	1,000	10	20	..	40
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	20	5	12 pr. ct	170
Oriental Loan	5,000	2	2	8 pr. ct	19
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,00	10	10	7 pr. ct	76
Port Canning Co.	6,00	1,0	1,00	2½	42
Prince of Wales Fire Ins.	26	3,00	1,00	N dv	2,35
Royal Flour Mills	3,50	10	10	..	45
Soundy & Co.	1,000	10	10	..	84
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	10	100	5 pr. ct.	50
Do.	Prf. 1,000	10	100	10 pr. ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	50	all	85	983½
Thacker & Co.	1,500	10	10	10	50x1
Telephone Co.	9,30	2	2	6	18½
Western India Flour	...	..	...	..	20

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G I P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p.c.	2,40
B. B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	...	£ 18	...	do.	42

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	7	1,050
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct	45
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	820
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	Nil.	200
Bellary	467	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,01
Bombay Cotton Broula Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	1,000	125	125	20	137½
Columbia	600	200	500	16	60
East India	500	1,850	1,850	45 dvd	305
English Press and Manfg.	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,42
Fort	180	250	...	Rs. 3	182½
Franch	515	8,500	8,500	30	80
Harvey and Sabanahy	300	500	all	20	945
Hengoli Press Co., Ld.	450	45	670	30	810 xd
Khangaum	750	100	all	32	145
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	210	450	450	54	500
Mercantile	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mofussil Co	1,000	125	125	10	80
Munmar M	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	460
New Berar	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	270
New Indian	1,200	500	500	45	600
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12½	107½
Sabapathy (Bellary)	600	50	500	40	275
Sawoon	500	500	50	20	50
Sind and Punjab Co.	300	500	500	..	50
Sorab Woollen Mills	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,20
Vokart	400	2,000	750	50	445
	1,200	250	250	75	230
	...	1,000	..	Rs. 80	945

SPINNING AND WEAVING MPANIES

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,000	1,000	all	Rs. 20	485xd
Anglo-Indian	19,345	100	100	4	89
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 pr. ct.	511
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,00	25	660
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co.	600	500	500	20	420
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld	500	1,000	1,000	...	510
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	585
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	1,225
China Mills Co. Ld	800	1,000	1,000	Nil.	575
City of Bombay Mills	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	980
Connaught Mills	600	500	2	10 pr. ct	640
Colaba Land & Mill	1,000	700	700	15	620
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	415
Coral Mills Co., Ld	5,038	100	100	50	110
David Mill	1,40	500	1,000	Rs. 30	455
Dhun Mills	1,00	1,000	1,000	50	825xd
Empress	2,10	500	25	10 pr. ct	600
Framjee Petit	11,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	530
Gordon Mills	19,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	90
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,00	Rs. 40	770
Hingu nghat Mill	70	50	2	10 pr. ct	610
Howard and Bulloughs	11,500	500	500	25	590
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	765
Imperial Cotton	90	500	500	Rs. 17-8	360
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	960
James Greaves	1,100	500	25	10 pr. ct	645
Jaffer Alli	60	50	50	Nil.	34
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,600	250	250	12½	225
Jawras Baloo	1,00	1,000	1,00	30	770
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	800	1,000	1,00	Rs. 2	600xd
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,00	30	825
Khangam Manfg. Co.	400	25	25	25	535xd
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,00	1,00	40	660
Leopold	3,500	10	10	15 pr. ct	190
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,00	25	700
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,800	1,000	1,00	30	995
Madras United	350	1,000	1,00	100	2,000xd
Mahaldumee	600	1,000	1,00	Nil.	410
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulberga)	2,400	50	50	pr. c	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,00	all	Rs. 7	1,265
Massagon	5,000	25	25	8	11½
Morarji Gooldas	1,000	1,00	1,00	7	1,700
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,500	100	10	7 pr. c	105
Madura Mills	7,779	10	100	Nil.	par.
National	500	1,00	1,00	Nil.	175
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,00	Rs. 35	680
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 15	385
Presidency Mills Co Ld.	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1,200
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	735
Ripon Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,085xd
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,00	25	1,40
Sholapore Mills	600	1,000	1,00	60	1,330xd
Soonderdas	750	1,00	1,000	Nil.	525
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	100 nom
Southern Mahratta	11,212	250	250	12	272½xd
Sun Mills, Ld	1,200	250	250	Nil.	345
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	500
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 20	465
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil.	700
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	20	370xd
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	680xd
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs. 22-11
China Leaf	,, 23-5 nom.
Bar Gold, New	,, 21-14 ,,
Do. Old	,, 23 ,,
Australian Bar Gold 100 touch	,, 22-9
English Sovereigns	,, 14-3
Do. Dragons	,, 14-2
Bar Silver 17 Betterness	,, 106-14
Bar Silver 17½ Do.	,, 107
Spruce Silver	,, 100

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gymkhana Athletic Sports.
Gymkhana Golf.
Dance, Royal Yacht Club.
Sports at St. Mary's College, 4 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, "Merchant of Venice," 9 p.m.
Skating Rink, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m., 5 to 7 p.m., and 8-30 to 11 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 10th:—Pochumba (s), from Karachi. Yesterday:—Calder (s), and Java (s), from Busreh; and Siam (s), Kdcn.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 10th:—Karagola (s), for Karachi, &c.; Malwa (s), London, &c.; Lansdowne Tower (s), Hamburg; Lalpoora (s), Galle; Hispania (s), Liverpool, &c.; and Glen Caladh (barque), Cochin. Yesterday:—Hamstead (s), for Genoa, &c.; and Assyria (s), Persian Gulf.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Ponani, Minna Craig, and Taif entered in the dock yesterday.

NOTICE.—The band of the Marine Battalion will *not* play at the Yatch Club on Monday the 12th inst.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.—There will be a dance at the Club House on Monday the 12th inst.

CRICKET.—A match will be played to-day between the Municipal Cricket Club and the Parel Gymkhana on the ground opposite the municipal offices. Play will commence at 2 p.m.

MANOCKJEE NUSSERWANJEE PETIT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the last month was 5,527, the daily average being 184. The total of new patients was 961.

ENTERTAINMENT AT GRANT ROAD.—On behalf of the I. C. T Band, there will be a magic lantern exhibition, with reading, entitled "Buy your own cherries," at the Grant Road, M. E. Church, to-day, at 8 p.m.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 19th September, 1891, shows an increase on the corresponding week of 1890 of 196,338 maunds, and Rs. 42,781 in the earnings.

EXECUTION OF A MURDERER.—The execution of Ramjee Honajee, upon whom capital sentence was passed by Mr. Justice Bayley for the brutal murder of his young wife, was to take place on Saturday last, but as the convict has appealed to the Government for mercy, the execution has been postponed, pending reply to his petition.

FIRE.—On Saturday morning at 10 o'clock a fire broke out in some waste cotton in the bobbing-room of the Hindustan Mill. An alarm was immediately raised, and telephonic messages were sent to the Fire-brigade stations asking for assistance. The engines from Byoulla, Pydownee, and Gowalia Tank promptly arrived at the scene, but they were not brought into requisition, as the fire had been already put out by the mill-hands. The damage is slight.

THE BAI SAKARBAI ANIMALS' HOSPITAL.—On the 1st of September last, there were 119 bullocks, 22 horses, and 7 dogs at the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel. During the month of September 132 bullocks, 23 horses, and 14 dogs were admitted, and during the same month 116 bullocks, 20 horses, and 11 dogs were discharged from the Hospital. 5 cases among bullocks, 1 case among horses, and 3 cases among dogs proved fatal during the past month.

AN OLD OFFENDER.—At the Esplanade Police Court before the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Cassam Hoosein *alias* Cassam Sultan was on Saturday charged with stealing three notes of Rs. 5 each from the pocket of a Marwaree named Kullia. On Friday morning the complainant was making some purchases at a shop in Bhendi Bazar when the accused snatched the three notes from his pocket and tried to run away, but he was followed and captured by the complainant, who made him over to the police. The accused pleaded not guilty but admitted several previous convictions. The magistrate sentenced the accused to eighteen months' imprisonment with hard labour.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of the Grant College Medical Society will be held in the College Library to-morrow, at 4-30 p.m. *Business*:—The minutes of the last meeting to be read and confirmed. Election of Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia. Notes on the following cases (reported by the Ward Superintendent), by Dr. J. Arnott: (*a*) fever (puerperal state); (*b*) pericarditis with double pneumonia. Notes of a case of cancer, from Assistant Surgeon S. F. Ghandhi; notes on a case of uterine polypus; operation and recovery, by the president, Dr. R. N. Khory. To transact such other business as may be brought before the Society by the Secretary.

FATAL FALL FROM A TREE.—An inquest was held yesterday by the Coroner, Dr. Blaney, at the Gokaldas Tejpal hospital, touching the death of Gopal Baloo, a policeman aged 25 years. The deceased was on duty in the dock-yard on Saturday night. Yesterday morning he was found lying unconscious under a gold-mohur tree. He was placed in a victoria and taken to hopital, where he died shortly after admission. There were fresh broken branches of the tree lying near the deceased, and it is surmised he must have climbed tree to pluck some of the leaves which are used as vegetables, and accidentally fallen. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death by falling from a tree.

SUICIDE OF A CHILD WIFE.—An inquest was held on Saturday afternoon by Dr. Blaney, the Coroner, at Tardeo, touching the death of a Hindu girl about 14 years of age, named Thumma, wife of Sudoo Arjoon, a mill-hand employed at the Manockjee Petit Mill. About four months ago her mother died, and a month later she lost her father. The deceased seemed to take her loss greatly to heart, and a few days ago she asked her husband to allow her to go to her country to see her brother, but has he refused, said that she would destroy herself. On Friday she took her husband's breakfast to the mill, but after that she went missing. A search was made with the result that her dead body was discovered in a well, a short distance from her house. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

LECTURES AT SAWANTWADI.—At Sawantwadi last Sunday a lecture was delivered by Rao Bahadur Anant Ramchandra Lottikar on "the Criminal Law as compared with that of other countries." A correspondent writes that the lecture was on the whole excellent and most instructive. No doubt the subject was somewhat difficult to be understood by the public in general, but it was rendered simple by illustrations. He pointed out that certain acts which were not treated as offences in England were punishable as such in India by the Penal Code. The points of differences between the procedure of this country and that of other countries were also fully illustrated. Other lectures are to follow. It is proposed to form a debating club, and lectures are to be delivered every Sunday, or at least once or twice a month, in the Kazi Shahabudin Institute.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.—Winning Numbers for the month of Sept. 1891. 2 Prizes of Rs. 100 each and 15 of Rs. 10 each, which must be claimed within current month:—

	Rs. 100 Prizes.	Annas.	No.
Yellow Line Up		2	C254552
Green Line Down		1	E294931
	Rs. 10 Prizes.	As.	No.
Special Line	Down	2	C333301
,, ,,	,,	,,	C327247
,, ,,	Up	,,	G116357
,, ,,	,,	1½	C256457
Lavender ,,	Down	,,	C220944
Special ,,	,,	1	G163737
Green ,,	,,	,,	E279639
Yellow ,,	,,	,,	E262871
Green ,,	,,	,,	E257838
Yellow ,,	,,	,,	E229108
Brown ,,	,,	,,	D900094
Lavender ,,	,,	,,	D342453
Special ,,	Up	½	C728658
,, ,,	,,	,,	C706159
,, ,,	Down	,,	C671235

COMMITTED TO THE SESSIONS.—At the Girgaum Police Court on Saturday Lachna Rama was charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with house-breaking and theft of wearing apparel, silver ornaments, &c., collectively valued at Rs. 19, the property of a woman named Chinama. The accused was further charged with using criminal force to Shaik Mahomed Shaikyakoob, an inspector in the employ of the Bombay Municipality, for the purpose of extorting money from him. It appeared that on the 24th ultimo the accused broke into the house of the prosecutrix and stole a wooden box containing wearing apparel and silver ornaments. He then pledged the ornaments with a Marwaree, from whom the police recovered them. On Friday night the accused met the second complainant when he tried to extort money from him, but the complainant having raised an alarm a police sepoy came up and arrested the accused. Several previous convictions were produced which the accused admitted. He was once previously sentenced to 15 months' imprisonment. The magistrate framed charges against the accused and committed him to take his trial at the ensuing criminal sessions.

THE CHIEF OF VISHALGAD.—Shrimant Narayenrao Babasaheb Ghorpade, the Shrimant Abaji Krishna Pratinidhi, Chief of Vishalgad, a state of the Southern Mahratta group, left for his state on Thursday last after finishing his educational course in Bombay. Abasaheb's father was a ruler of the old school, without any modern education, and it was quite possible that young Abasaheb would not have gone out of the beaten track, but for the desire of his mother, who was of course strongly backed up by the Political Agent. Once initiated, Abasaheb did not like to give up his studies until he had secured at least the necessary minimum of liberal education. He matriculated in 1888, and kept his P. E. terms in the Rajaram College. By the time he completed his P. E. course he attained his majority, and the heavy responsibilities of looking after the affairs of his state devolved upon him. But he requested Government to allow the Political Agent to manage his state for a further period of two years until he had gone through the whole college course. Government were much pleased at this laudable desire of the Chief, and requested Colonel Wodehouse to bear the burdens of the Mulkapoor State for two more years. This period has now come to a close, and Shrimant Abasaheb returns to assume charge of his state. The excellent education which the Chief has received has been very much appreciated. Abasaheb assumes charge of his state under very favourable auspices. He has a very friendly Political Agent to guide him, and an able counsel of administration at Kolhapoor to help him.

CAUGHT IN A TRAP.—At the Esplanade Police Court on Saturday Inspector Standford charged Kanjee Sumboo, before Mr. Saunders Slater, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, with stealing a four-anna piece from the pocket of his master, Dr. M. L. Zelowitz, living at Colaba Causeway. It appeared that the complainant employed the accused on the 7th inst., and on the 8th inst. he lost 10 annas from his pocket. The complainant's suspicion rested on his newly-employed servant, and so he resolved to try him. On Friday morning he marked several silver coins and depositing them in his pockets he went to take his bath. Mrs. Sophia Zelowitz then asked the accused to clean the bed-room, and concealed herself in the dining-room to watch the movements of the accused, who first placed a bed-room screen in such a position as to prevent anybody seeing his movements from outside, and then stole a four-anna piece from the pocket. Mrs. Zelowitz told her husband what she had detected, and then sent for a sepoy, who searched the accused when the four-anna piece with a distinguishing mark was found in his possession. The accused denied the charge, and pleaded that whilst he was dusting the bed-room he found the silver coin on the floor. The complainant's wife, he said, abused him (accused) and falsely accused him of having stolen 10 annas the other day and wanted him to give up the money; but when he denied the accusation of stealing the money she struck him several blows. The magistrate disbelived the statements made by the accused and sentenced him to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment, remarking that he had no reason to doubt the evidence of the complainant and his wife.

THE "IMPERIAL" DIAMOND CASE.

HYDERABAD, OCT 7.

EXAMINATION of the Nizam continued:—In consequence of information received, I directed Abid to send a telegram to the accused on the 14th July. [Exhibit H read to his Highness in Urdu and English.] I directed Abid to send this telegram (X). There was an answer to it. I saw the answer. This (Z. I.) is it. (Read.) I considered this answer satisfactory. Subsequently Mr. Jacob brought the diamond and showed it to me. I believe it was the 21st July. I think I saw a letter from Mr. Jacob to Abid of the 14th July before trial. This is Mr. Jacob's signature on Exhibit E. E. (Read.) It was shown to me by Abid, and the purport explained. I cannot say on what date. I think it was after the arrival of the diamond—I mean in Calcutta. Exhibit E. E. is the letter shown to me which I saw before Mr. Jacob brought the diamond to Hyderabad, and to which I have referred above. The arrangement by me for deposit of the twenty-three lakhs was made soon after the arrival of the diamond in Calcutta. I mean the arrangement with the Bank of Bengal for depositing the money there in pursuance of my arrangement with Mr. Jacob. The money was first deposited in Mr. Jacob's name. The Minister told me he has the item credited to his (the Minister's) name. I thought I was asked about my order when I said Mr. Jacob's name first. When the diamond was shown to me by Mr. Jacob Abid was present. It was shown to me in the Chowmalla Palace in that part in which my own apartments are.

Will your Highness state what took place when Mr. Jacob brought and showed the stone from the time he came in till he left your presence?—Mr. Jacob showed me the diamond. [Here the diamond is called for from Mr. Gray, Agent of the Bank, who produced a sealed envelope from which it was taken out.] As far as I can judge, this is the diamond. The accused praised the diamond much. I took it in my hand and looked at it, and I refused to buy it. I said our agreement was *passand ya na passand*. I cannot take it. Then he praised it again much, and said, "If you do not take it the Maharajah of Patiala will take it." I said, "For how much"; and he said forty lakhs. I said, "Why were you selling it to me for forty-six lakhs?" He replied, "The excess six lakhs was my profit." He then took the diamond and went away.

Did Mr. Jacob at that interview mention or show to you any other jewellery?—He did not show me any, but he mentioned some.

Will your Highness please state what Mr. Jacob said, to you with respect to the jewellery?—He said, "I have brought jewellery from Messrs. Hamilton. If you will see it and take some, it will be well." I replied, "I will see it to-morrow." When Mr. Jacob left my presence with the diamond I gave direction to Abid, and I said to Abid, "Go and ask Mr. Jacob when will he return the amount which was deposited—that is, the twenty-three lakhs—on account of the diamond. Abid went accordingly to Mr. Jacob and returned.

What did he say to your Highness?—He said that Mr. Jacob had said on his return to Calcutta he would return the amount, and that Mr. Jacob had said, "No, I cannot do so, because the diamond is with me. Till I return the diamond to the owners I cannot return the money." I have not seen Mr. Jacob since that in Hyderabad or anywhere else. I have not seen the diamond since till to-day. Mr. Jacob left Hyderabad the following day.

Is it true that Mr. Jacob after having shown your Highness the diamond saw you again and that you purchased the diamond for forty lakhs?

Mr. Inverarity objects on the ground that the answer that Mr. Jacob has made that statement which he denied ever having made.

Mr. Woodroffe asserts there is no denial by Mr. Jacob on the record, and that there is evidence that he made that statement.

Mr. Inverarity says that the telegram J. J. amounts to a denial by Mr. Jacob.

His Highness: It is not true.

Did your Highness authorise Abid to conclude the purchase of the diamond for forty lakhs, or for any price whatever?—I never did so. It is not true that I deposited five lakhs of rupees in the Bank of Bengal, Hyderabad, as security that I would not negotiate the sale of the diamond with any one else, nor is it true of any other sum whatever. Abid never informed me that he had purchased the diamond on my behalf for forty lakhs. I first heard mention of the allegation about forty lakhs after Mr. Jacob had left Hyderabad. It was about two days after. I heard it by telegram from Mr. Jacob [a long telegram in three parts. I saw it and had it read to me. The Exhibits J. J. 3, K. K. K. 3, and L. L. 3, form the telegrams to which I refer. I did see three telegrams from Mr. Jacob to Abid between the time of Mr. Jacob leaving and the arrival of the long telegram. So far as I can remember, when I saw these three telegrams I said nothing to Abid. If I could see the telegrams I may remember if I gave Abid any direction to reply. (Three telegrams read here). These are the telegrams I saw. On seeing them I ordered Abid to demand the return of the amount—(*Rakm*)—that is the twenty-three lakhs in deposit. I always meant the twenty-three lakhs when I spoke of the *rakm*. I saw the draft (which was kept) of the reply Abid sent. [Telegram, 26th July, saying deposit money must be returned at once.] I saw the draft before the telegram was sent. The telegram (Exhibit A.) from Abid to Mr. Jacob is to the same effect as the draft I saw. I saw the reply to it (I.I. 2.) This is it.

[Telegram from Mr. Jacob to Abid of 26th July, that he was sending explanation.] The long telegram in three parts was the explanation referred to. On receiving the long telegram I sent for Abid, and after having had the telegram read to me I questioned him with regard to all that was said in the telegram in regard to him. Ram Chunder read the long telegram in three parts to me. Abid said that the statement that he agreed to forty lakhs was false; and the statement in the telegram about the Commission was false. He said nothing further. (Commission adourned.)

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

HIS Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar's s s Nyanza reached Zanzibar direct yesterday.

THE Indian Marine Steamer Clive, Captain B P Creagh, sailed on Friday last for Madras.

THE B I S N Co's, Lalpoora, 2,143 tons, Captain J Stone, sailed on Saturday last for Galle in ballast.

THE British s s Hampstead 2,213 tons, Captain E Jones, cleared on Saturday last for Tarri and Genoa, with a general cargo.

THE British steam-ship Lansdowne Tower, 2,071 tons, Captain W R Stuart, sailed on Saturday for Hamburg with a general cargo.

IN our list of passengers by the China mail on Saturday the name of Mr. D L Modi appears. That gentleman, however, it appears was prevented from sailing owing to domestic affairs.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's s s Calder, 400 tons, Captain J Lovell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh via Bushire with a general cargo. 108 cases opium, 110 horses, 38 syces, and 4 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's s s Assyria, 970 tons, Captain J P Nailer, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr Jas H Higginson, Mr A Thole, Mr F D Forbes, Lt Parkins, Major Fitzherbert, and 65 deck.

THE French mail steamer Laseyne, 1,151 tons, Captain R Schmitz, will sail to-day for Aden via Karachi with a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Marseilles—Miss Calm, Mr Isaac Abraham. For Karachi—Mr Heimpel, Mr Thakordas Futtehchand and 40 deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Pachumba, 544 tons, Captain F A Lovell, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Karachi with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs Duncant and infant, Nr and Mrs Eduljee Dinshaw, Mrs Kollee, Mr Graham, and Mr and Mrs Butterfield and 98 deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Java, 943 tons, Captain G A Shepherd, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busrih via Karachi with a general cargo, 63 cases opium, 162 horses, and the following passengers:—Mr Hajee Mahomed, Mr Abdul Rahman, Mr Hajee Mirza Hosham and Mr Mahomed Imdeifer, and 1000 deck.

THE Anchor Line s s Hispania, 2,213 tons, Captain S Abrey sailed on Saturday last for Liverpool via Marseilles, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs Chatfield, Miss Anderson, Captain Dewar, Major Yaldwyn, Mr Warnier, Mr Chaping, Miss Parson, Mrs Holland and two children, Mr Myer, and Dr and Mrs Lester.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—OCTOBER 11.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. L. Tower	2771	Stewart	D	W & A Graham &Co
,, Wildcroft	1916	Murray	K	J Mackintosh & Co
,, Poonani	..	Nasoda	M	Shepherd & Co.
,, Kilva	234	Nacoda	N	B. I. S. N Co.
,, La Seyne	1151	Schmitz	O	M Maritimes Co
,, Hampstead	1448	Jones	P	T Morrison

Time-ball drops at Prince's Dock at noon, or Greenwich mean time, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time-ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba mean time, or 8h. 8m. 44·3s a.m. of Greenwich mean time.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Hispania	2213	Abrey	2	W& A Graham &Co
,, R Rubattino	3014	Giacomo	3	F Bozzoni
,, Thibet	1980	Wilmer	5	P & O S N Co
,, Fazilka	3397	Simpson	8	B I S N Co
,, Argus	1822	Curry	9	R Stuart & Co
,, Inchbora	3668	Major	10	T Morrison & Co
,, Saint Fillans	1937	Fitzgerald	11	K Nixon
,, Wistow Hall	2139	Kelly	12	E Bates & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

S.S. Karagola ..... M Mackenzie

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
10	Pachumba (s)	Lovell	Karachi, &c.
11	Calder (s)	Lovell	Busreh, October 1.
	Java (s)	Shepherd	Busreh, Sept 29
	Siam (s)	Weighell	Aden, October 6.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
9	I M S Clue	Creagh	Madras
10	Karagola (s)	Tice	Karachi, &c.
	Malwa (s)	Preston	London, &c.
	L Tower (s)	Stuart	Hamburg.
	Lalpoora (s)	Stone	Galle
	Hispania (s)	Abrey	Liverpool, &c.
	Glen Caladh	Lamont	Cochin
11	Hampstead (s)	Jones	Genoa, &c.
	Assyria (s)	Nailer	Persian Gulf.

The steamer LaSeyne, Captain Schmitz, obtained her port clearance on Saturday last for Aden via Karachi.

The steamer Goalpara began to load on Saturday last for Coast and Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.			
6	Khedive s	Moule	London, Sept 3
	Kistna s	Foster	Rangoon
7	Katoria s	Gray	Calcutta, Sept 26
	Rotokino s	Spinks	Wellington N Z
	Belfast s	Candlish	Middlesbro, June 27
	Futtel Carim bq	Nasoor	Muscat, Sept 8
	M E Cox bq	Thurbar	Barry, Feb 26

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 6—Steamer Monk Seaton and barque Louise
Oct. 7—Steamers City of Edinburgh and Canara

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.			
8	Nadir s	.....	Calcutta
	Honzada s	.....	Rangoon
9	Putiala s	.....	Negapatam
	Loodiana s	.....	Colombo
	Tannadice s	.....	Singapore

DEPARTURES.

Oct.			
7	Secundra s	.....	Rangoon
8	Pandua s	.....	Singapore
	Nadir s	.....	Bombay

DAILY IMPORTS.—OCTOBER 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Hispania a—54 cwts fish-maws, M Ludha Kathow; 109 bales goat hair and 7 bales wool, Esmalbhoy Gange and Co.

Inchborra s—10 bales cotton, A Rahu 2,000 cwts wheat John Fachiri.

FOR HAMBURG.

Lansdowne Tower s—150 cwts oil cakes, Otts Martin.

FOR DUNKIRK.

St Fillans s—4,000 cwts wheat, David Sasoon and Co.

FOR GENOA.

R Rubatino s—3,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co. 6,020 cwts wheat, David Sasson and Co

FOR LEGHORN.

R Rubottino s—1,000 cwts linseed, Killick Nizon and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

La Syne s—2½ cwts gun John Fachiri.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Hispania s—1,033 cwts castor—seed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Thibet s—75 bales twist and 51 chests opium, Ebrahim Noordin and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 8.

Beale, Capt, 5th Bo L I, off leave.

OCTOBER 9.

Willoughby, Lt-Col, 3rd Bo Cavy, on duty, from Poona.
Evans, Capt. Ms, D A A Genl, on leave, from Belgaum.
Budgen, Br-Genl, Bo Staff, off Inspection duty, from Deolali.
Hilliard, Major, Bo, A

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

GENTLEMEN'S Pearl-headed TOILET PINS, at Rs. 5, 6, 7, and 10 each. Fancy Jewellery in great variety.—Messrs. MARCKS and Co., Ld., Jewellers, and Diamond Merchants, 43, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and at Poona.

MANDOLINS.—A large Assortment of this now popular Stringed Instrument to select from; also Books Instructions, with songs and accompaniments for same.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT to H. E. the GOVERNOR of BOMBAY.—The BOMBAY DAIRY SUPPLY Co., Tamarind Road. Fresh Milk, Butter, Cream, &c., always available.

LADIES' DRAB DOE SKIN GAUNTLET GLOVES, Rs. 4 nett, for Riding, &c., special value or V. P. Post.—BADHAM, PILE and Co., Ld., Bombay.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WAI-HAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Rt. Hon. Lord Harris, Governor of Bombay.

PAIR of AUSTRALIAN HORSES for SALE. Apply to R. BRANSON, High Court.

COPPER and BRASS Table, Billiard, Church, Carriage and other Variety of Lamps for SALE at HINKSS' LAMP DEPOT, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Apply to the Agent.

CHOCOLATE, ALMONDS, CREAMS, &c., from Re. 1 to Rs. 2-8 a lb. BUTTER SCOTCH, per lb. Re. 1; per Packet as. 3; per doz. Rs. 2 only.—PEARSE & Co., Apollo Street, Bombay.

WANTED an OVERSEER for a large Spinning and Weaving Mill; he must be quite conversant with the detail working of a Mill, and worked for sometime in that capacity. Apply to "X.," stating Salary.

WANTED, in the Fort, 2 COMFORTABLE ROOMS, with good look out. Terms must be moderate. Furnished or Unfurnished. Apply "No. 16," Taylor's Hotel.

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ORANGE PEKOE	Rs.	1	2 per lb.
SUPERIOR BLEND	"	0	14 "
PEKOE	"	0	13 "
BROKEN PEKOE	"	0	12 "
BROKEN TEA	"	0	10 "
FAMILY MIXTURE	"	0	8 "

In 1 lb. Pkts & Chests of 5, & 10 lbs. each & upwards.

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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business of pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street Charing Cross" engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not therefore purchase without seeing the Government stamp over the cork of the bottle.

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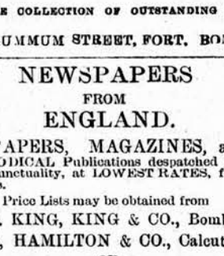

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Of all Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 10.

AT 94¼, Reuter's quotation of last evening, Consols in London were unchanged; and the market rate of discount on short London Bills was unaltered yesterday; but that on six months' sight Indian Bank Paper was reduced ⅛th to 3½ per cent. Indian Sterling loan remained at 106½. Bar Silver was ½d. per oz. higher, at 44¼d.; and Rupee Securities advanced ¼ per cent. in Fours, and ½ in 4½ per Cents., say to £74⅝ and £74¼, respectively; while in New York, there was an advance in the metal of ⅜ cent., at 97⅛, with demand Exchange on London unaltered, at 83½ dollars; and the U. S. Treasury bought 372,000 ounces at 97·37 to 97·30 cents. An extra 5 lakhs of India Council Bills on Calcutta were placed yesterday at 1s. 4 31-32d. being an advance of 1-16d. on the price obtained at the regular allotments on Wednesday, and of 1-32d. on that of the extra sales on the same day. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India remained at 1s. 4 11-16. French Rentes in Paris were unaltered at 95¼; Exchange on London was a shade lower, at fcs. 25·29½.

To-day's message from London advises a further advance of 1-16d. in Bar Silver, at 44 13-16d. per oz, and of ⅛ per cent. in Rupee Paper in each denomination; but in New York, Silver has fallen ⅛ cent. to 97 cents., Exchange being unaltered. An extra allotment of 4½ lakhs of Council Bills on Bombay has been made at 1s. 5d., showing an advance of 1-32d. on the price obtained yesterday for the extra Bills on Calcutta.

In the General Produce Markets, Wheat was firm yesterday at a further advance of 1½d. per cental both in No. 1 Soft White, and White Delhi on the spot in Liverpool at 8s. 6d. and 8s. 0½d. per cental, Ex Quay, respectively. The total quantity of Wheat afloat for the United Kingdom yesterday was 1,610, 000 quarters, or 20,000 quarters less than was upon the water a week ago. Linseed was dull, and the arrival price of Bombay Seed was 3d. per quarter lower the quotation for both on the spot and to arrive, being 42s. 6d. per quarter, Ex Quay. To-day, a further advance of ½d. per cental has taken place in No. 1 Soft White and White Delhi on the spot in Liverpool, in a firm market; Linseed being unchanged in value, but steady in tone.

Spot American Cotton closed steady in Liverpool last evening, and Arrivals and Surats firm, the day's Sales having aggregated 12,000 bales, including 800 East Indian. 4 15-16d. was still the price of ready Mid-Americans, and Arrivals were unaltered for October, and October-November deliveries; but 1-64d. lower in all more distant positions. In East Indian Cotton, there was an advance of 1-16 in Bengals of all grades, in 'Good' Westerns, and in "Fully Good Fair" Tinnevellys, and of ⅛d. in Good Tinnevellys and Fair Coconadas. The day's Imports were 8,000 bales. The Manchester Market was firm with a hardening tendency in prices which restricted business. This afternoon, the Liverpool Market closed quiet, all round, the Sales having been 10,000 bales, inclusive of 800 Surats. Spot prices have not changed; but American Arrivals have receded 1-16d. in the nearer positions, and 3-64d. in the more distant. The day's Imports are 8,000 bales. The Manchester Market has been quiet, but steady.

The total Cotton Sales in Liverpool for the week ending yesterday were 3,000 bales more than in the week preceding, at 69,000 bales (of which 5,000 were Surats); while the amount forwarded to consumers was 7,000 bales greater, at 65,000 bales. The week's Imports were 4,000 bales less, at 34,000 bales. The total Stock had become lighter by 34,000 bales; but, as it stood yesterday, it was 173,000 bales heavier than at the same time last year, and 288,000 bales more than in 1889. The Stock of Surats was 4,000 bales less than on the previous Friday, at 82,000 bales. The total Visible Supply had increased during the week by 200,000 bales; but of Surats there were 7,000 bales less in sight; and the figures which we give below show an increase, in the total Supply of 580,000 bales compared with last year, and of 794,000 bales as against the year before, Surats showing a falling off of 150,000 bales, and the slight increase of 2,000 bales, respectively, in the same comparison. The spot price of American Cotton in Liverpool yesterday was 1-16d. higher than it was a week ago, and, compared with that ruling in the two previous years at the same time, showed a decline of 13-16d. and 1 5-16d. respectively; while Arrivals had advanced during the week from 5-64d. in the nearer positions to 3-64d. in the more distant.

The New York Market was unchanged for spot Cotton yesterday, at 8¾ cents.; and Futures, for January, were only a point higher, at 9 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 47,000 bales, making the week's total 7,000 bales above that for the corresponding week last season, and 34,000 bales more than that in the year before; the total Receipts for this season, so far, showing a decrease of 85,000 bales and an increase of 55,000 bales compared with the arrivals last year and the year before, respectively, in the same time. The quantity in sight yesterday was 1,300,000 bales, against 916,000 bales visible a week ago.

The American Agricultural Bureau monthly report wired from Washington by Reuter to-day states that the average condition of the Cotton crop in 11 states is 75 11-16 per cent., the condition in September having been, it will be remembered, 82 11-16, while in October last year it was 80, and in the year before 81½, the average condition in October for the four years preceding the present having been 79¼ per cent. The report adds that the crops are backward; and that excessive moisture in August and the subsequent drought have caused slight damage. The New York Market today, however, has been quite unchanged both in spot and future prices. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports have been 46,000 bales, as against the same quantity last year, and 45,000 bales the year before.

The American crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1891.	1890.	1889.
Week's receipts	298,000	291,000	264,000
" exports to U. Kingdom	93,000	123,000	116,000
" " Continent	59,000	51,000	28,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept. '91	1,038,000	1,121,000	981,000
" exports to U. K. do.	273,000	430,000	357,000
" " to Continent do	135,000	174,000	183,000
" stock in the Ports	716,000	414,000	362,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on 9th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

	1891.	1890.	1889.
Total supply of all kinds	2,170,000	1,593,000	1,376,,30
" Surats	252,000	412,000	250,780
For the United Kingdom only the figures are:—			
Stock in Liverpool	633,000	460,000	345,900
" London	13,000	29,000	2,,00
American afloat	130,000	230,000	184,000
East Indian "	10,000	15,000	20,000
Total	786,000	754,000	570,900
Price of Mid-Americans	4 15-16d.	5¼d.	6¼d.
" Good Dhollera	3 15-16d.	4¼d.	4¼d.
Difference	1d.	1¼d.	1¼d.

IMPORTS OF PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.—The monthly figures for shipments of *Cotton Manufactures* and *Twist* to India are to hand through Reuter, and show an increase in the missions, for last month to Bombay in every item, both as against the shipments during the preceding month, and compared with those in September last year. In all but the principal item, however, the addition, in each comparison, is (if we except *Printed Cottons* compared with September 1890) comparatively small; and in the largest line of *Plain Cottons* the excess is not great as against last year's shipments in the same month; though compared with August this year, the increase has been over 8½ million yards. The shipments to Bombay for the nine months of the present year which have now elapsed have been lighter in all descriptions of *Cotton Goods* than the missions for the corresponding nine months of last year, the falling off having been 58¾ million yards in *Plain Cotton*, 19¼ million yards in *Coloured Cottons*, and 2½ million yards in *Printed Cottons*; but in Twist there was an increase of 300,000 lbs. To the sister Presidencies, the shipments of *Plain Cottons* were lighter last month than for August, but heavier than in September last year.

	Sept. 1891.	August 1891.	Sept. 1890
Bombay—			
Plain Cottons...yds.	39,800,000	31,200,000	37,650,000
Colored Cottons "	5,750,000	5,300,000	5,550,000
Printed Cottons "	11,300,000	10,650,000	9,050,000
Twist .....lbs.	1,800,000	1,400,000	1,700,000
Calcutta—			
Plain Cottons...yds.	71,550,000	80,900,000	61,450,000
Colored Cottons "	5,900,000	6,300,000	5,250,000
Printed Cottons "	5,000,000	4,700,000	4,000,000
Twist .....lbs.	650,000	900,000	750,000
Madras—			
Plain Cottons...yds.	8,000,000	8,950,000	7,750,000
Colored Cottons "	1,250,000	700,000	1,100,000
Printed Cottons "	1,250,000	1,800,000	1,350,000
Twist .....lbs.	1,400,000	1,100,000	1,150,000

Bombay only—for 9 Months 1891; for 9 Months 1890.		
Plain Cottons.....yds.	313,600,000	372,400,000
Colored Cottons... "	31,300,000	50,650,000
Printed Cottons... "	73,850,000	76,250,000
Twist .....lbs.	11,800,000	11,500,000

COTTON has been firm here to-day and a considerable business has been done for export and by the Mills, but without any quotable advance in prices having been established. The total purchases sum up 5,150 bales, of which quantity shippers have bought 3,400 bales, consisting of 1,600 Ujein Ginned, at Rs. 178; 700 Bhagalkote, at Rs. 164; 600 Dhollera, at Rs. 171; 300 Compta Ginned, at Rs. 169; 200 Barsee, at Rs. 184; and 100 Sheagaum, at Rs. 159; while local spinners have taken 1,780 bales, made up of 500 Sheagaum Ginned, at Rs. 164; 400 Jalgaum, at Rs. 162-4; 250 Khangaum, at Rs. 165½; 200 each of Barsee, at Rs. 186, and Damergaum Ginned, at Rs. 180; and 100 Compta Ginned, at Rs. 170½ per candy.

WHEAT has been firm in tone, again to-day, but an advance in prices, of one anna per cwt., and a firm Exchange, have tended to check further business, and transactions have been upon only a moderate scale. We now quote:—

White Pessy 91 per cent.	Rs. 5-12-0	per cwt.
Do 85 "	" 5-11-0	"
No. 1 Club Delhi	" 5-6-6	"
Red Delhi	" 4-15-0	to Rs. 5-0-0
Hard Yellow	" 5-1-0	per cwt.
Red Ahmedabad	" 4-13-0	"
Hard Red	" 4-12-0	"

SEEDS have been steady, and a moderate business has been done for export; but prices are unchanged, excepting that for *Linseed* which is now quoted at Rs. 6-11-6 to Rs. 6-13-6 per cwt.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	5,224 bales.
Wheat	17,772 cwt.
Linseed	2,591 "
Rapeseed	722 "
Gingelly	854 "
Ground Nuts	559 "
Castorseed	3,108 "

FREIGHTS are still weak for prompt shipment, but unchanged in other positions. The City of Dublin (s) has booked 4,000 tons of Wheat for Liverpool, at 17s. 6d. per ton; and the Asama (s) 3,000 tons of the same cargo for Hull, at 18s. 6d. to 18s. 9d. per ton.

EXCHANGE has been firm to-day at yesterday's rates, and a few Merchants' Bills have been placed at 1s. 5 5-16d. for January-February delivery, and at 1s. 5⅝d. for May, for three months' sight Credits; but little or nothing has been doing in the Bank media of remittance. The following were the final quotations for ready business, and the Banks will remain closed until Wednesday for the Dasera holidays:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 4 31-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 15-16d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 5 1-16d.	"
Do. Credits do.	1s. 5 3-16d.	"
Francs do.	1·81	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quiet to-day, with not much fresh business passing either for Money or Account; but rates have remained steady at yesterday's closing quotations, say 105⅝ for Fours for cash, 105 11-16 for the next Settlement, and 105½ for the November account, 105¼, removal, has been quoted for 4½ per Cents.

SHARES.—There has been more movement in this market to-day, and prices of Cotton Mill Scrip have advanced in some instances and declined in others, closing at our revised quotations. Cotton Press shares have advanced in several cases, and are steady.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BARODA.

BIRTH.

MIDDLETON—October 9, at Baroda, the wife of T H Middleton, B Sc, Baroda College, of a son.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

LINDSLEY—October 7, at Poona, the wife of M M Lindsley, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BUTCHART—October 4, at Kalapani Tea Estate, Bishnath, Assam, the wife of D A Butchart, Manager, of a son.

BURTON—October 3, at Mangalore the wife of Surgeon J A Burton, VIIth Regiment, MI, of a daughter.

FLEMING—October 3, at Darjiling, the wife of J G Fleming, of the Subordinate Medical Department, Bengal, of a daughter.

GILES—October 6, at Sanawar, the wife of Surgeon G M Giles, I M S, of a daughter.

NAGEL—At Darjeeling, the wife of Rev R Nagel, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

ESPLEY—RAYNER—October 5, at St Paul's Cathedral, by the Rev Welbore MacCarthy, Charles Henry Espley, "The Victoria Brewery," Sonada, eldest son of Thomas Espley, Esq. Ecclesall St Mordshire, to Florence Leah Adelde, only daughter of F T Rayner, H M P S

MAITLAND—BYD—October 6, at Karnal, by the Rev G A Lefroy, of the Cambridge Mission, Delhi, Alexander Charles Maitland, Missionary S P G, Delhi, to Mary Rosetta, youngest daughter of the late George David Byrd, Esq. of Calcutta.

STOCK—CLOUGH—October 7, at St Paul's Cathedral, by the Rev Welbore MacCarthy, Cecil Grainger Stock, B P S, to Kate Isabel, second daughter of the late Captain Clough, B B T C L.

WALKER—RUSSELL—October 3, at Chupra, by the Rev H A Sealy, Chaplain of Arrah, Francis Connolly Walker, to Maud Catherine, youngest daughter of Dr C M Russell.

DEATHS.

COTTON—October 1, at Jutogh, after a short and painful illness, Edwin T S Cotton, youngest son of David Cotton, aged 17 years.

DEROSAIRE—October 3, at Naini Tal, Cecil Henry Derosaire, the beloved son of Mr and Mrs M Derosaire of Allahabad, aged 23 years.

LYNCH—October 1, at Bubnowlee Factory, T P Lynch.

MANN—October 3, at Woodlands Darjiling, Eva, the beloved wife of J Mann, Bengal Education Department.

PHILLIPS—October 5, at Lahore, Agnes Gertrude, the beloved wife of Geo Phillips, aged 43 years and 10 months' Vice-Chairman of the Calcutta Port Commission, aged 51.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1891.

THE current number of the *Calcutta Review* contains an article on "Banking in the Mofussil," which, though much that the writer says is of general application, is obviously suggested by the recent failures of two up-country banking institutions. The subject is full of interest and—it may be added—full of warning. Nearly thirty years ago Mr. Northcote Cooke, an official of the Bank of Bengal, wrote a history of banking in India, which in great part was a history of failures and of worse things. Few of the institutions named in his record have lasted to our own time. There has been a survival of the fittest in this as in other fields of competition; but the summary of the record which the reviewer gives is that it contains instances of "sound mercantile enterprise, perseverance under difficulties, rash and unscrupulous speculation, and swindling of the most unblushing description." In the article before us, however, only present day banking in the mofussil is dealt with, and the review is descriptive rather than historical. The mofussil banks have a special character, and are subject in some respects to special difficulties and disadvantages in comparison with banking institutions in the Presidency towns. The range of selection for managers and officials is narrower, and their means being relatively limited, they are not able to pay so liberally for management as, for example, the great exchange banks in Bombay or Calcutta. They have a local directorate, but here again they suffer from the disadvantage of a scarcity of first rate business men to serve upon their boards. There is the further disadvantage—and we shall see later on that it is not a trivial one—of the difficulty in a mofussil town of getting competent and independent auditors. Two out of the eleven mofussil banking concerns that made up the list until the other day have come to grief—the Himalaya Bank, with a capital of two lakhs, and the Uncovenanted Service Bank, with a capital of six lakhs. The revelations made in the liquidation of the latter showed how an incompetent and an unwatchful board of directors, and a manager who systematically violates the rules of sound banking can bring an institution to grief. But the nine sound institutions are, to judge from their dividends, in a prosperous condition. They pay dividends on the paid up capital varying from nine to fifteen per cent. Their capital amounts, roughly, to fifty lakhs; and they have an aggregate reserve of eighteen lakhs and three quarters. This latter is a satisfactory feature if we compare it with the proportion of the reserves of the Joint Stock banks at home. Mr. Bagehot when he dealt with the subject in "Lombard Street" thought it a highly creditable thing to say of them that they had accumulated in reserve nearly a third of their capital Here the aggregate reserve is considerably more than one third of the subscribed capital, and little short of one half the capital paid up. And it should be noted that the two banks that have failed had between them built up a reserve of little more than a quarter of their capital, which was all paid up. The Uncovenanted Service Bank, indeed, with a capital of six lakhs, had a reserve of less than three quarters of a lakh.

The small amount of share capital on which the Joint Stock banking business of the mofussil is based appears to the reviewer to be the chief fact observable in the record. The fact no doubt is noteworthy, for the nine solvent banks between them have a subscribed capital smaller than that of the Bank of Madras, less than half that of the Bank of Bombay, and less than a quarter that of the Bank of Bengal. But the amount of the capital subscribed is of secondary importance to the skill exercised in making use of it. Mr. Bagehot pointed out—though it is perhaps commonplace—that banking is an enterprise in which the capital is used not to work the business but to guarantee it, and that a banker's proper business does not begin while he is using his own money; it commences when he begins to use the capital of others. An insurance office, he said, in the long run needed no capital, for the premiums which are received ought to exceed the claims, so that both in banking and in insurance the capital is wanted to assure the public, and to induce it to trust the concern. Trading then, as they do, with other people's money, the amount of the share capital in these institutions is not the factor of primary importance. They have a little over forty lakhs of their own money, but they have over Rs. 3,57,00,000 of other people's money on deposit, and with this it would not be a difficult matter in ordinary times to earn ten per cent. for the shareholders upon the small aggregate capital of forty lakhs. The fate of the Uncovenanted Service Bank emphasises the warning which the writer gives against banks which are careless about the building up of an adequate reserve. One, at least, of the principal exchange banks has for some years past, devoted more every half year to its reserve than to dividend, and another has just experienced the saving virtues of a large reserve in the day of ill-luck. The *Calcutta Review* indicates, however, in a provokingly allusive way, that in mofussil banking there are reserves and reserves, and that in this matter things are not always what they seem. He warns the careful investor therefore, to make sure that these funds are realities, and not mere accounts, that they are well covered by Government or other good securities, and that they are in the Bank, and not pledged in any way. We take it that it is anything but pure allegory that the writer presents us with when he tells of a bank starting a reserve fund, opening an account "to Government Securities," buying some securities and even showing them to the auditors once or twice, and then borrowing on them in Calcutta, lending out the proceeds at ten or twelve per cent. on bad security, and so making the reserve fund a very small or shadowy thing. This, we take it, is a sober description and not allegory. Mr. Justice Straight heard of more curious things at Allahabad a few months ago when he was inquiring into the way in which the bank we have already referred to got into difficulties. It would be interesting to know, however, how far the trustful view as to what constitutes a security which obtained amongst the directors of that mismanaged institution is at all general in mofussil banking. If the descriptions of strange banking feats with which the article abounds apply solely to the two shipwrecked concerns they are interesting as fragments of local history. If, on the other hand, they apply to any of the more "sound" institutions which are trading with over three and a-half crores of other people's money, they are of much wider and more serious interest. A bank is mentioned in which the directors were carefully selected by the manager with the view that they should be mere figure heads. They never embarrassed their manager by interfering in the business of the bank; they signed what they were asked to sign; they asked no questions; and the harmony that prevailed in that bank was wonderful. An instance is mentioned in which the directors' names were never advertised or never mentioned in the printed account. But if the directors are asleep, surely the auditors are awake? Not always. They, too, as we in Bombay know well enough, can be as trustful as directors. The auditors, the writer says, should be very particular that the securities which constitute the reserve fund are in the Bank. But under circumstances not unfamiliar in mofussil banking auditors can see just as much as it is convenient that they should see and no more. Where there is a single auditor, and he for years a debtor to the bank, much is possible which it is not pleasant to contemplate. We should look with suspicion, too, upon Bank auditing done by an official in another local company whose own accounts were audited by the manager of the Bank. This, in fact, was the kind of auditing that appear to precede a particular calamity, the locality of which is not hinted at.

The remedies which the writer suggests for the various shortcomings of mofussil banking are various. He urges that greater care should be exercised in the appointment of auditors, though in the mofussil the number of competent professional auditors is small, and we can see that it is easier to give advice on such a point than to act upon it. Continuity of audit in the same hands has its advantages—when the hands are competent—and we saw in a recent case the mischief that may be done by frequently changing the auditor. Thirty-two different auditors served the Uncovenanted bank at Allahabad during forty-five half years, and served it badly. The suggestion that depositors should be allowed to nominate an auditor to act with the one appointed by the shareholders is novel; but is there reason to believe that the depositors would take the trouble to find an auditor for themselves? When they distrust a bank they cease to deposit with it, and their confidence would not be affected one way or the other by having a depositors' auditor working with a shareholders' auditor. Nor do we believe in the appointment of official inspectors of bank accounts in the office of the Provincial Registrar of joint stock companies. The tendency of this would be to make the shareholders look to Government for the protection which they ought to be able to supply for themselves. The State can properly undertake no responsibility in matters of such strictly private concern, and even if its liability could be admitted it would be difficult to find in the existing establishments of the Joint Stock Companies Registrars the material for an efficient and trustworthy auditing staff. Some of the other suggestions made by the writer are deserving of consideration. How far, for instance, would the public convenience be met if deposit receipts were made negotiable instruments? In England they have become such under the High Court of Judicature Act, and the writer thinks that if the law in India upon that point were assimilated to that in England it would be "a salutary caution to Indian banks, as well as a boon and a blessing to Indian depositors." If the proposal is worth pressing upon the notice of Government now is the time to do it, while a decision has yet to be come to in regard to the question whether railway receipts shall be made negotiable instruments. We apprehend

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ANOTHER RUSSIAN EXPEDITION TO THE PAMIRS.

ST. PETERSBURGH, OCT. 10.

Despatches received here state that Prince Goletsine's expedition to the Pamirs has safely traversed Kashgar, Yarkand and Kargarix.

THE DEATH OF MR. PARNELL.

MR. HEALY WARNED NOT TO ATTEND THE FUNERAL.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

A deputation will meet the remains of the late Mr. Parnell at Holyhead. The body will be placed in a catafalque and will lie in state in the Central Hall, Dublin.

Mr. Healy and other members of the Irish party have been warned that they will be insulted if they attend the funeral.

Mrs. Parnell is prostrate with grief, and is unable to attend the burial of her husband.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

Mr. Parnell's body was removed from Brighton yesterday for conveyance to Holyhead. Representatives from the London branch of the National League met the remains at Willesden Junction and reverently defiled before the coffin.

The followers of Mr. MacCarthy have decided to abstain from attending the funeral, fearing that their presence might cause a riot.

A number of loafers shouted "murderer" after Mr. Dillon in the streets of Dublin.

ARRIVAL OF THE REMAINS IN DUBLIN.

The body of the late Mr. Parnell reached Dublin at seven this morning and an enormous sympathetic crowd awaited the arrival of the remains. A procession was formed headed by a band playing funeral marches, and by Mr. Parnell's colleagues of the various branches of the National League escorting the funeral car to the City Hall, where the body now lies in state.

THE TROOPING SEASON.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

H. M.'s Troopship Serapis sailed yesterday, with reliefs for India.

ELECTION NEWS.

Mr. Jebb, Conservative, has been returned unopposed as member for Cambridge University in place of the late Mr. Cecil Raikes.

Mr. Murray, the Conservative candidate, was yesterday elected member for Buteshire, defeating Mr. MacCulloch, Gladstonian Liberal, by a majority of 375, the voting being as follows:—Mr. Murray 1,365; Mr. MacCulloch 990.

PURCHASE OF SILVER.

WASHINGTON, OCT. 9.

The Treasury to-day purchased 372,000 ounces of silver, at prices ranging from 97·30 to 97·37.

THE "IMPERIAL" DIAMOND CASE,

CROSS-EXAMINATION OF THE NIZAM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, OCT. 10.

To-day the Commission sat at 1 o'clock. The Assistant Resident, Mr. Crawford, acted as interpreter. In the examination-in-chief Syed Hossein Bilgrami, Nawab Imad-ul-Mulk, the Nizam's Private Secretary, acted as Interpreter. Syed Hossein Bilgrami also attended to check Mr. Crawford's interpretation if necessary. Moulvie Mushtaq Hossein, the Nawab Vicar-ul-Mulk, Revenue Secretary, also attended the Commission. Mr. Hormusjee Vakil, the Nizam's Government Solicitor, attended to watch the proceedings on behalf of the Nizam's Government.

Mr. Inverarity commenced cross-examining the Nizam to-day. His Highness stated that the jewellery he purchased was sometimes with his own money and sometimes with *dewani* money. Since Mr. Jacob first came to Hyderabad the Nizam had purchased jewellery from him every year. The Nizam paid to Mr. Jacob, on 15th January last, Rs. 1,52,769 for jewellery purchased. His Highness may have paid Mr. Jacob Rs 5,200 on January 17th. He did pay Mr. Jacob Rs. 55,556 on the 20th. These payments were made for jewellery purchased in January. About March 20 the Nizam paid Mr. Jacob Rs. 1,63,472 for jewellery. He paid Mr. Jacob also for jewellery about five lakhs in April. This makes a total of over eight and a quarter lakhs this year. Last year the Nizam bought from two to four lakhs worth of jewellery from Mr. Jacob, and in 1888 and 1889, about two lakhs each year. Mr. Jacob was not the Nizam's guest when he came to Hyderabad, though the Nizam provided Mr. Jacob with a house, food and carriage free every time he came, except the first time. The Nizam did not remember whether he remitted. Mr. Jacob one lakh in 1889 for purchasing jewellery. He may have done so, but he really could not remember. As far as his recollection went, he did not purchase, this year, jewellery from any one except Mr. Jacob. His Highness used to communicate with Mr. Jacob through Abid. He did not remember ordering Abid to telegraph to Mr. Jacob that the Nizam was successful in shooting. The cross-examination lasted till 6 p.m.

The Commission will sit to-morrow, (Sunday) at 1 p.m.

HYDERABAD, OCT. 11.

To-day the Commission sat at 1 o'clock and the proceeding lasted till 5-30. Mr. Inverarity continued cross-examining the Nizam. Mr. Inverarity asked the prosecution to produce various letters and telegrams, but the prosecution stated their inability to do so because the notice to produce documents served on them was general and did not specify them. The Nizam said that Mr. Jacob telegraphed to him to remit money to Calcutta, and that Mr. Jacob would pay it there and get the "Imperial Diamond." The Minister told the Nizam that Mr. Jacob had fixed the price of the diamond too high, and further informed him that the diamond could easily be purchased for twenty-one lakhs. This impressed the Nizam and from that time he made up his mind that the diamond should be allowed to come, but he would not take it. This was at the time he remitted the twenty-three lakhs. The Nizam did not tell Jacob that he had changed his mind or stopped the money being remitted. About the 12th of July the Resident had an interview with the Nizam and drew his attention to the state of the government treasury, and the probability of a famine and, represented that in the present state of affairs the purchase of such a costly diamond would be unreasonable. On this the Nizam assured Dennis Fitzpatrick that he would not purchase the "Imperial" Diamond, but His Highness did not tell the Resident that he had previously made up his mind not to purchase it. When the Nizam saw the diamond he did not think it equalled Mr. Jacob's praise of it, for he had seen before more brilliant diamonds, but had not seen such a big one. So far as the Nizam could remember the "Imperial" Diamond was without a flaw. The cross examination is expected to finish to-morrow, and then and there the other Commission to examine Sir Dennis Fitzpatrick will sit with the Assistant Resident, Mr. Crawford, as Commissioner. The examination-in-chief and cross-examination of the Resident is expected to last about three days. Surprise is expressed here because Sir Dennis is also to be examined in camera as it were, as no press representatives will be allowed.

FAREWELL DINNER TO MR. AND MRS. MOORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 11.

The Hon'ble Mr. and Mrs. Moore were entertained at a dinner given in their honor at the residence of Mr. Naylor yesterday. The following ladies and gentlemen were present:—Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Reid, Mrs. Pollen, the Misses West, the Hon'ble Mr. Moore, the Hon'ble Sir Raymond West, the Hon'ble Mr. Pritchard, Messrs. Naylor, Mackenzie, Spence, Loch, Lee-Warner, Candy, Reid, Pollen, Wiltshire, Ommanney, J. Pollen, Edgerley, Drew, Cappel, Logan, Seyad Muruddin, Hall and Brown. The proceedings were private and only two speeches were made. After the health of the Queen-Empress was drunk with honours, Sir Raymond West proposed the toast of the evening and in an eloquent speech recalled the sympathy, capacity, and devotion to duty which marked Mr. Moore's public life, and which made his approaching retirement felt as a heavy loss to the service and to the country. The speaker alluded in graceful terms to the share taken by Mrs. Moore in the social kindnesses and courtesies which attached to Mr. and Mrs. Moore to the many friends in Poona and throughout the Presidency, and assured them of the affection and good wishes which would follow them to their retirement in England. Mr. Moore, in replying, feelingly expressed the pain he felt in parting from the service and its associations, and from his friends. The party broke up at a late hour with renewed expressions of good will, and hearty cheers for the departing guests.

Mr. Moore will be entertained to-morrow by the members of the Western India Club.

THE NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, OCT. 10.

Colonel Wallace, Manager, North-Western Railway, has applied for an extension of his leave to December, after which he purposes retiring.

CHOLERA ON THE FRONTIER.

Cholera still lingers along the North-Western Frontier. It has appeared at Peshawar, and at Kohat, and at Quetta and Peshin cases are occurring.

THE SIND-PISHIN RAILWAY.

The special rates charged on the goods traffic on the Sind-Peshin Railway, it is probable, will shortly be abolished.

THE BAGDAD RESIDENT.

Colonel Peacock succeeds Colonel Tweedie as Political Resident in Turkish Arabia on Colonel Tweedie retiring on the 31st instant from the Political Department. During Colonel Peacock's absence on leave Colonel Mockler will officiate.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, OCT. 9.

The Glen Line steamer Glen Macgregor from Calcutta, Madras and Colombo arrived here this morning.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Goorkha left here this morning.

LONDON, OCT. 9.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora left here this evening.

COLOMBO, OCT. 9.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Nizam (extra) left here for Bombay at 5 p.m. yesterday.

ADEN, OCT. 9.

The s. s. Assam, with the homeward mails of 3rd instant, arrived here at 11 a.m. yesterday.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 9.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats firm.

Good Dhollera	3 15-16

The Manchester Market has been firm with hardening tendency which restricts business.

Exchange on India 30 days' sight.	½ 11-16
2½ per cent. Consols for account...	94⅜
3 per cent. French Rentes	95¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	74⅛
4½ per cent. "	74⅜
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106⅛
Bar Silver	44⅛

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total week's sales of Cotton		63,000 bales.
" "	Surats	5,000 "
" "	Imports of Cotton	34,000 "
" "	" Surats	1,000 "
" "	Stock of Cotton	663,000 "
" "	" Surats	73,000 "
"	Stock of Cotton in London	13,000 "

THE POONA AMATEURS.

"FAUST AND MARGUERITE."

THE last performance of the Poona Amateur Company at the Novelty on Friday was the most successful of a successful series. The house was crowded, every seat being occupied by an appreciative and delighted audience. The principal morceaux were enthusiastically encored, and repeated with good humour and good nature by the artistes.

Miss Howard's graceful Shadow Dance was redemanded with furore, the fair artiste being rewarded with nearly as many bouquets as fell to Marguerite herself. Talking of bouquets, it was a pleasure to see that the Terpsichorean skill of Dame Martha received floral acknowledgment, which Captain Benn of the Sind Light Horse will treasure. The fun and vivacity thrown into the part by this young officer showed a valuable member of the Company. Mephistopheles received no flowers, but he was compensated by applause which shows that in Bombay we are just enough to give the Devil his due. Dr. Moore is, it must be confessed, a *bon diable*, and it is to be hoped that with the thermometer at 85° he did not find Bombay too hot for him.

At the falling of the curtain the applause was loud and long-continued, and culminated in a hearty and determined call for Captain Hobday. Faust, leading Marguerite, appeared before the curtain and received an ovation. All the members of the Company were then in their turn called for, and passed in procession before the cheering audience. The Company then assembled behind the scenes, where a new and most interesting programme was improvised. Captain Tallents returned cordial thanks to Captain Hobday for his indefatigable and highly successful labours in organising and drilling the Company, and for the great courtesy and consideration with which he had made the experience so pleasant to them all. In the name of the Company Captain Tallents presented Captain Hobday and Miss Pottinger with a very beautiful Cutch silver lamp and salver as a wedding present, as a memento of the regard and good wishes of the Company. Captain Tallents expressed the hope that the new piece which Captain Hobday and Miss Pottinger were preparing to put on a larger stage under the name of "Matrimony," would be no less successful than "Robert Macaire" and "Faust up to Date" a sentiment which was emphasized by the plaudits of all present. Captain Hobday thanked Captain Tallents and the Company on the part of Miss Pottinger and himself for the handsome present, and for the cordiality and kindness with which the reference to their approaching union was greeted. He had seen in one of the Bombay papers a statement that after their marriage they were never to act again. But it was just possible they might some day venture to write to the editor, and ask his permission to appear amongst their old friends once more. He and Miss Pottinger would treasure the kindly gift just presented to them as a souvenir of the many happy hours which they had passed with the Poona Amateur Company. Then followed the singing of "Auld lang syne" with all hands joined. This interesting episode wound up with three cordial cheers for Mrs. Pottinger, to whose unfailing tact and unsparing energy the success of this remarkable dramatic campaign in Poona and Bombay was so largely due,

POONA VOLUNTEER AND MERCHANTS' RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 10.

THIS meeting which was first fixed to take place on Saturday, the 12th September last, was unavoidably postponed on account of Lieutenant Norriss' death. It came off this afternoon on the race course. A large number of spectators including Lord Harris were present. Colonel Merriman, R.E., undertook duties of judge, while Captain Geoghegan was the clerk of the scales. Brigadier-General Hogg wielded the starter's flag and performed the duties entrusted to him in a manner which gave every satisfaction. The entries were good. In all races except one, the favourites won, and the bookies had rather a bad time of it. The first race on the card was the Merchants' Purse, a steeple-chase in which six came out to the post. They went away to a good start, but on the first fence, Ranger and Biddy threw their riders and Ranger bolted. The rest went in a good cluster to the second fence. All of them except Rocking Horse jumped off clean. Captain Anderson, however, brought him back and jumped clean off. The three horses got away nearly 100 yards in front, but Captain Anderson let off his pony in splendid style, and won the race wonderfully by two lengths. The race was won through sheer skilful riding. In the Pony Race only three came out; Speedwell who was favourite winning as he liked. At the start Poor Me was left on the post and lost some lengths. In the Criterion six were entered, but at the last moment Good Luck was scratched. Speed of Thought was made a hot favourite, and he did not disappoint his backers, and won a good race by two lengths. The Welter Cup was won in good style by Mr. Gordon's Newminster. In the fifth race Shamrock was hot favourite and won easily. The Bareback Race for which six came to the post caused some little amusement. Speedwell was again made favourite, and won cleverly from Firefly. After the races were over Mrs. Meakin distributed the cups and prizes. The following are the results:—

1ST RACE.—The Merchants' Purse. Value Rs. 150. A Steeplechase for all Galloways 13-3 and under, 13-3 to carry 11st.; 3lbs. allowed for every ½ inch. C. B.'s allowed 10lbs.; Distance 1¼ mile.

Capt Anderson's b a p Rocking Horse, 10st 5lbs, Owner	1
Hon Sec Leger Jervis' g a p Judge, 10st 3lbs, Mr. Wallmer	2
Mr E H Cox's ch o g Mosquito, 10st 4lbs, Mr Whitfield	3
Mr R C Brown's b c or m Biddy, 10st 11lb, Owner	0
Sergt D Clabby's ch c or p Ranger, 9st, Owner	0
Mr Jenkin's g c or s Fussy, 9st 12lbs, Capt Welman	0

Betting.—6 to 4 on Rocking Horse; 4 to 1 against Mosquito, Judge and Fussy; 10 to 1 against the and rest.

They started themselves and got away well together. Biddy and Ranger ran out before, coming to the first hurdle, the former parting company with his rider. Rocking Horse cut out the way to the second jump where he ran out and lost a good deal of ground. Fussy was now left with the lead and he maintained it to the third fence where he ran out. In the meanwhile Rocking Horse had made up a great deal of the ground he had lost and closed in with the Judge who was in front at the last hurdle, and drawing away from him won in a canter by four lengths. A very poor third. No time taken.

2ND RACE.—Pony Race. For all ponies 13-2 and under, to be nominated and ridden by Volunteers, Merchants, or their Assistants, weight for inches, raised 25lbs. Distance ½ mile. Prize—A Claret Cup Jug presented by Mr J R Morgan.

Vol B B Saklatwala's b a p Speedwell, 11st, Mr Whitfield	1
Aga S Shah's g a p Prince Eddie, 11st, Owner	2
Mr E O Walker nom g w m Poor Me 8st 12lbs, Vol Stannard	0

Betting.—½ to 1 against Speedwell: 2 to 1 against Prince Eddie; and 4 to 1 against Poor Me.

Poor Me was left at the post. Speedwell jumped to the front immediately the flag fell and won as he liked by four lengths from Prince Eddie.

3RD RACE.—The Criterion. For all Galloways 13-3 and under, 13-3 to carry 11st; 3lbs allowed for every ½ inch; C. B's. allowed 7lbs. Distance 5 furlongs. Prize—A Cup presented by Lieut.-Col. H. G. Meakin, P. V. R. C.; 2nd, a Revolver presented by Major J. E. Whiting, P. V. R. C.

Mr Moochool Shah's g a g Speed of Thought, 11st, Capt Anderson	1
Aga S Shah's b a p Brown Jacket, 11st, Owner	2
Mr Well's Cole's g a p Satara, 9st 13lbs, Capt Welman	3
Mr Barton's g a p Champion, 10st 11lbs, Owner	0
Dr Martin's ch c or m May 9st, Capt Randolph	0

Betting.—Evens on Speed of Thought; 2 to 1 against Satara; 3 to 1 against Brown Jacket; 8 to 1 against May; and 10 to 1 against Champion.

Speed of Thought attended by Satara made the running to the home turn, where Brown Jacket on the outside joined them. Down the straight Speed of Thought drew away and won easily by three lengths from Brown Jacket, four lengths or more behind whom was Satara.

4TH RACE.—The Welter Cup. For all Arabs and C. B.'s. C.B.'s aged to carry 11st. 7lb. Arabs aged to carry 10st., 5 years allowed 2lbs., 4 years 7lbs., 3 years 23lbs. Distance 1 mile. Prize—A Cup presented by Messrs. Lund, Blockley and Carter.

Mr Gordon's br a h Newminster, 10st, Owner	1
Vol J F Ghaswala's g a h Iermit, 10st, Mr Woolmer	2
Capt Anderson's g a h Shut Eye, 10st	3
Mr Morgan, nom b a h Shore Ali H, 10st 10lbs, Capt Welman	0

BETTING.—6 to 4 on Shut Eye; 2 to 1 against, Hermit and Newminster; and 3 to 1 against Shore Ali.

This was a good race. The three greys ran well together to the third furlong, with Newminster lying behind. The latter gradually crept up to the others the four turned into the straight almost abreast. Half way down the distance Newminster shook the others off and won with a lot to spare by a length. Two lengths between second and third.

5TH RACE.—Galloway Plate. For all Galloways 14 hands and under, weight for inches raised 2st. 7lbs., to be nominated and ridden by Volunteers, Merchants, or their Assistants, C. B.'s allowed 7lbs. Distance ½ mile. Prize—A Cup presented by H. Bromley, Esq.

Aga S Shah's g a g Shamrock, 11st 7lbs, Owner	1
Mr B Stannard's g a g Greybeard, 10st 7lbs, Owner	2
Mr Jenkins's ch a g Caleb, 11st 1lbs, Mr G Whitfield	3
Mr Ludha Ibraim's b a g Fortune, 11st 7lbs, Mr Jenkins	0

Betting.—½ to 1 against Shamrock; 3 to 1 against Fortune; and 6 to 1 against the rest.

Fortune lost a few lengths at the start. Shamrock and Greybeard raced prettily together to the home turn, and when they entered the straight the latter held the head. Shamrock challenged him and outstaying, young Stannard's pony won by three quarters of a length. Caleb finished two lengths behind Greybeard.

6TH RACE.—Bareback Race. For all Galloways 13-3 and under. Catch weights over 10st. Distance 3 Furlongs. Prize—A Silver Mounted Walking Stick presented by Messrs. Badham, Pile and Co.

Vol B B Saklatwala's b a p Speedwell, Capt Welman	1
Mr Gordon's ch a p Firefly, Owner	2
Mr Jenkin's g ch p Fussy, Mr G Whitfield	3
Mr Valpy's g w m Poor Me, Capt Anderson	0
Hon Sec Leger Jervis' g a p Steffan, Mr Wolmer	0
Vol H L Cross's g ch p Settling Day, Mr Weber	scratch

Betting.—½ to 1 against Speedwell; Evens on Firefly; 4 to 1 against Poor Me and Fussy; and 5 to 1 against Steffen.

This was also a very good race. Speedwell, Firefly, and Poor Me jumped off together and raced to the distance where Poor Me died away. The other two raced home neck and neck, the favourite, Speedwell, winning an exciting race by a short head. A bad third.

MILITARY NEWS.

As the establishment of temporary rest camps at Belgaum and Sassalole has resulted in extra expenditure, Government have approved of the old established route via Arconum and Raichur for all troops other than those travelling singly or in small parties, for whom rest camps are not required.

SANCTION has been accorded to the breaking up of the standing camp and depot, Dalhousie, with the exception of 100 men of the 2nd Battalion, Wiltshire, now returning to Mean Meer, being delayed beyond the 15th October, until such time as it is considered advisable by the medical authorities. The troops on leaving will be railed from Pathankot to their repective stations.

SNIPE shooting around Hongkong is attended by serious disadvantages. For instance, Major Turner, who recently went out shooting near Castle Peak, was kidnapped by the villagers because he had slightly wounded a woman. The Major had offered $300 for his release, but the villagers demanded $500. Later, after assistance arrived, $100 was accepted, and the gallant Major, who had been detained a night, was released.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAILS OF THE 25TH SEPTEMBER.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Siam, Captain H. T. Weighell, with the overland mails of the 25th September, arrived in Bombay harbour at 11 o'clock last night. She brought the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Mr Bird	Mr J Cramp
Miss M Greenway	Mr Houston
Miss Caswalls	Capt G Watson
Mr Fowler	Capt and F W Repton
Mr Horseman	Mrs Georges
Mr Gentles	Lieut H Raget
Mr G Marston	Lieut J O'Brien
Mr Lewis	Mrs Oxley
Miss Brady	Mr Krishnar

FROM BRINDISI.

Mr and Mrs E Stoney	Mr R Bushby
Capt Harbord	Mr H Stewart
Col and Mrs Ottley	Mr and Mrs Mulloch
Major and Mrs Gilchrist	Rev and Mrs Darrah
Surgn-Major Cunningham	Surgn-Maj Stephens
Mrs Dunlop	Prof Cooke
Mr and Mrs Birkett	Lieut J McLean
Mr and Mrs Wilson	Capt Campbell
Mr H A Lake	Mr W B Brown
Mr Crawley	Surg-Maj and Mrs Anderson
Mr Armstrong	Maj and Mrs Evans
Mr F Harrison	Mr and Mrs Storey
Hon J J Allen	Mr G Thompson
Miss Allen	Surg-Genl O'Tandy
Miss Ferrar	Mr E Harris
Mr H Risch	Maj Davies
Mr H Howard	Mr J Lane
Maj the Hon A Dalzelle	Mr W Coles
Mr C Critchley	Mr Donaldson
Mr J Johnson	Dr W Simpson
Dr King	Mr and Mrs Figg
Brig-Surg Sargents	Lieuts W Fraser
Mr Knyvett	Capt Lambert
Mr E Alexander	Capt L Cooper
Mr L Dane	Capt C Young
Capt G Rundle	Dr Center
Mr and Mrs Skrine	Mr Gilmess
Mr Pratt	Mr A Moore
Mr Holmes	Dr McCormack
Mr R Burn	

FROM VENICE

Mr and Mrs Lushington	Mr A Robertson

FROM NAPLES

Capt and Mrs Eardly-Wilmot	Mr E Cousins
Rev H Spring	Mr Ashtown
Col Holdick	Mr Couss
Mr and Mrs Keone	

FROM MALTA—Mr Pestonjee Demonwalla

HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.

SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has been appointed Postmaster-General.

Mr. John Morley and Lord Knutsford have been the principal political speakers during the week.

Sir John Gorst is making a tour in the agricultural districts of the south and west of Ireland.

Some reductions in the Foreign and Colonial postage rates are announced to come into operation on October 1.

The oppressive passport regulations affecting the Franco-German frontier have been relaxed.

Nothing definite has transpired relative to the reported intention of the Czar to visit Berlin this autumn.

An explanatory note on the recent Dardanelles incident has been issued by the Porte to its representatives abroad.

Rumour credits the King of Roumania with the desire to abdicate.

A foreign officer's opinion on the French manœuvres is quoted on page 6.

The Pope received a deputation of French working men on Sept. 19; the text of a letter from His Holiness on the subject of duelling has been published.

Ex-President Balmaceda committed suicide on Saturday by shooting himself in the head.

Col. the Hon. H. F. Eaton and the 2nd Battalion of the Grenadier Guards occupied their new quarters at the Tower of London on Saturday.

The General Return of the British Army for 1890 shows an average effective strength of 209,221 officers and men.

The resignations of the existing board of the *Freeman's Journal* have been accepted and successors chosen who regard the leadership of Mr. Parnell as impossible and impolitic.

By the overturning of a carriage in the Engadine, Mrs. Macgregor, an English lady, has lost her life.

The Bank of England rate of discount was raised yesterday from 2½ to 3 per cent.

Consols for money, 94⅛; for the account, 94⅜.

OBITUARY.—Lieut-Col. E. Harvey, Ben. Ret.; Mr. James Matthews; General Sir J B Gough; the Grand Duchess Paul; Lady Bourne.

BOMBAY FERNERIES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In the *Madras Mail* of the 24th ultimo I read an interesting extract from a late issue of your paper on "Bombay Ferneries." It has long appeared to me that the delightful recreation of gardening is much neglected in our large sea-side stations, and Mr. Carstensen will be doing Bombay a service if he succeeds in setting on foot a more active love of ferngrowing—I say *active* advisedly; for growing ferns, or, indeed, any plants, in a vicarous way by *malis*, without intelligent and loving supervision by the owners, is after all a poor apology for gardening in the best sense of the word. And though a beautiful result may possibly be attained, it will generally be found, sooner or later, that the labels of valuable plants have been misplaced; that the collection is in confusion; and the plants themselves suffering from want of attention to such minutiæ as watering and drainage.

Ferns and crotons seem to form the chief attractions and to receive the greatest amount of attention in our Presidency gardens, but neither of these afford the pleasure to most people that is given by beautiful *flowering* forms of the vegetable kingdom; and it is, I think, a great mistake to imagine that a moist and warm climate is only, or chiefly, suitable for the cultivation of foliage plants.

Old residents in Bombay who had the privilege of visiting the beautiful garden of Mr. Lloyd (then Judge of the High Court) will remember the display made there by a profusion of lovely flowering plants carefully selected to suit the climate, and lovingly tended by his own hands—such treasures as dipladernas allamandas, poivreas, combretenus, hoyas, ixoras, sonerilas, authuriums, amaryllices, aphelandras, and a hundred other choice "stove" flowering gems, to which a fine collection of ferns acted as a most effective background.

Is it true, as I am informed, that since those days, some twenty years or more ago, no such gardener has arisen in Bombay? If so, with the greater facilities for obtaining water that now exist, I can quite understand the necessity of Mr. Carstensen's lectures. In the few notices I have seen of late years of horticultural exhibitions in Bombay, I have been surprised to observe the very scanty mention made of orchids, a family of wondrous beauty, and universally admired wherever shown in good condition, a family, too, of which many of those most worth growing, would, I feel sure, thrive admirably under a thin coir matting shed in Bombay.

Amongst the Indian or Eastern varieties suitable for the Bombay climate I think the following best worth growing:—Ærides, accanthephippiurus, anæctochilus calcurthes, in many varieties, coelogynes, cymbidiurus cypripediurus, dendrobes—the two latter families in a hundred varieties, all beautiful—saccolabiurus and vandas. Then amongst the still more lovely and rare sorts from South America and Africa a large selection may be made commencing with angræcum sesquipedale—probably the most wonderful of known orchids—from Madagascar, cattleyas; from the warm moist valleys of Columbia, Brazil, and Venezuela, several lælias, and orchids, peristeria elata, "el spirito santo" of the Spaniards, from Panama, Vanilla Aromatica and all the Miltonias.

The "cool" Orchids from the New World, such as otonto glossurus, lycastes and masdevallias, which thrive so well in the open air under coir matting in my garden, would not be suitable for your climate, but most of what are termed "stove" orchids should find a congenial air in Bombay, Kurrachee, Calcutta and Madras, and the "cool" varieties mentioned would probably do well at Mahableshwar, or even at Matheran.

To the great beauty of this class of flowering plants may be added as an inducement to growing them the lasting value of their blossoms; for though some are evanescent, others remain in full beauty from 1 to 4 months, and a few, as the dendrobium superbiens, for even six months.

The wonder is that orchids are not more frequently grown by those fond of beautiful flowers. If I can, in any degree, assist any persons inclined to enter on this fascinating branch of horticulture I shall be very glad to do so if they will address me on the subject.

—Yours, &c.,
Kotagiri, Nilgiris, Oct. 6. FRANK GRIFFITH.

THE distress in the Volga provinces of Russia is increasing in intensity. Bands of peasants are wandering about in a state of exhaustion, whilst women and children are shrieking from hunger in the market places. In St. Petersburg, as well as in the principal provincial towns, committees are being formed to supplement the Government measures for the relief of the sufferers.

BOMBAY POLO TOURNAMENT.

THE 7TH HUSSARS *VS.* GOLCONDA.

THE Polo Tournament which was finished on Saturday, terminated as was generally anticipated with an easy victory for the 7th Hussars who thus carry off the Challenge Cup, it being the third year in succession in which they have won the Tournament. No one in Bombay grudges them their good fortune, as it is universally admitted that the best team won, and we are given to understand that the Regiment can put two better teams on the ground if necessary, than the one by which it was represented in Bombay, but which was quite good enough to account for the teams it had to meet. The game on Saturday against the Golconda Team, which was won by the Seventh by seven goals to four, although not so exciting to watch as the one between the Hussars and Poona was well contested throughout; the last two rounds especially, when the Golconda Team played up with great spirit and succeeded in reducing the Seventh's majority of four by one goal.

The Tournament has been a decided success this year so far as the quality of the games is concerned, but it is a pity that the entries were not larger; it is also a pity that the Paigah Team were unable to play, as their game with the Golconda Team would no doubt have been a good one. All the arrangements connected with the Tournament have been admirably carried out by all concerned, and the ground has been in capital order. Vast crowds of spectators have thronged the ground every match day, showing how popular the game is with the public. All that now remains, so far as Bombay is concerned, is to introduce a little new blood into their games, and it is astonishing how difficult it appears to be to do this. A great deal of nonsense is talked and written about the expence of polo chiefly owing to the fact that certain millionaires have occasionally paid fancy prices for *made* polo ponies. Almost every youngster in Bombay keeps a crock of some sort, many of them ponies, and any of these ponies will play polo—at all events after a fashion—and it is much better to play on these than not to play at all. "Rome was not built in a day" and a polo pony (or player) is not made in a minute. Well as the two senior members of the Bombay Team played in their match, they cannot go on for ever—one of them at all events—who is reported to have been playing steadily for the last fifty-five years (more or less) must, in the ordinary course of events, join the noble army of "Has Beens" during the next decade, and then who is to take his place? We occasionally get flying visits from nice young soldier boys who are a temporary addition to our Team, but then they get ordered away to play at a steamer game than polo, and we have to fill their places as best we may. Our recruits ought to come exclusively from local material; the only time Bombay won the tournament was with a "Bunniah" team, and there is no reason why they should not do it again.

The following are the names of the players on Saturday, and the particulars of the match, *viz.*:—

7TH HUSSARS.	GOLCONDA.
1 Lieut. Hon. J Beresford	1 Shaik Goolam Ahmed
2 Capt. Haig (Captain)	2 Mhd Ebram Beg (Captain)
3 Capt. Nicholson	3 Mhd Hoosein Khan
4 Lieut. Libert	4 Abbas Khan

Umpires.

Mr. A. Craigie Mr. P. B. Savile

FIRST ROUND.—Play commenced punctually at the advertised time, and no time was lost in making goals, as no less than four were got in this round, *viz.*, Hussars 2, Golconda 2. Time: 9 minutes.

SECOND ROUND.—When the ball was hit off, the Hussars kept it in the neighbourhood of the Golconda goal for a time, and had two tries, neither of which were successful. The Golconda men then pulled themselves together, and a fine run by Ebram Beg resulted in a goal to their side. A good run by the Hussars' Captain was well stopped, by the Golcondas' goal-keeper and a scrimmage in front of goal took place. A foul was claimed by the Hussars and allowed, and Captain Haig getting the ball succeeded in placing it between his adversaries' goal posts, thus making the game three all, and almost immediately after the ball came into play again, repeated the performance. The round ended: Hussars 4, Golconda 3. Time: 17 minutes, 8 seconds.

THIRD ROUND.—Good all round play for two or three minutes, without either goal being seriously threatened, until the Captain of the Hussars' team got the ball and had a try which was well stopped by the Golconda goal-keeper, but the Hussars were not to be denied, and after a scrimmage in front of goal sent the ball through, thus scoring their fifth goal. No further scoring took place on either side during the rest of the round which finished as follows:—Hussars 5, Golconda 3. Time: 25 minutes, 20 seconds.

FOURTH ROUND.—The Seventh held their adversaries pretty well all through this round and added two more to their score making Hussars 7, Golconda 3. Time: 33 minutes, 34 seconds.

FIFTH ROUND.—This was certainly the most exciting round to watch during the match: the play throughout was fast and furious. A try at the Golconda goal was well stopped, and Ebram Beg getting the ball made a magnificent run up the ground resulting in a goal for his side, and shortly after made another good run, without results. The Hussars had two good tries at goal, but failed to score further, the round ending—Hussars 7, Golconda 4. Time: 41 minutes, 40 seconds.

SIXTH ROUND.—With only six minutes and twenty seconds remaining to play in, both sides played up magnificently, but without adding to the score; the 7th Hussars thus winning the final game of the Tournament by 3 goals. Game: 7th Hussars 7, Golconda 4.

RAIN PRODUCING EXPERIMENTS IN CUDDAPAH.

A CORRESPONDENT from Madanapalli writes on 6th October, 1891:—It will be very interesting for many of your readers to hear that our able and energetic Collector, O. Wolfe Murray, Esq., assisted by Mr. Enwright, the Sub-Divisional Officer, has taken up the most laudable task of blasting the clouds and bringing down rain, an experiment the first of its kind in India which, we sincerely hope, would bring great credit to the Collector, who by his kind disposition has ever been ready to render an helping-hand to the people when in distress. When the Collector at about 5 on the evening of the 24th ultimo, got off a charge of dynamite on the top of Businkonda, a hill near Madanapalli, by means of a stationary kite and an auxilliary one running along the line of the first at a height of about 800 ft. above the level of the plain, the echo produced a thrilling sensation in the hearts of the people who were for sometime past very sanguine of rain, and created a faint hope in their minds that their days of freedom from scarcity of water are near at hand. Much to the credit of the experimentalists and the joy of the people in the town clouds began to gather at about 10 in the night, and there was a slight drizzle at about 12 p.m. It was a very interesting spectacle to see people in the village congregate early next morning in groups here and there and speak of the unexpected results of the previous evening. Encouraged by the result of the previous evening, Mr. Wolfe Murray repeated the experiment on the evening of the 25th ultimo and got off two charges of dynamite, the wind on this occasion being unfavourable, besides eight other charges on the top of the hill. There was a gathering of clouds on the night of the same day which turned out more and more intense till the night of the 26th ultimo, when there was a good downpour of rain estimated at about 42 cents. We hear that he would have continued the experiment, had it not been that the weather has since changed, and there had been a fair gathering of clouds every day with slight showers now and then, not unlikely the setting in of the N. E. monsoon. If the weather again becomes bad, which we hope not, and circumstances permit, we hear that he intends renewing the experiments on the top of Horsleykonda, a hill about 11 miles north-east of Madanapalli, and about 4,200 ft. above sea-level and 1,500 ft. above that of the adjoining country.

THERE is much dissatisfaction in the Provinces (says a Moscow correspondent), at the negligence displayed by the authorities in keeping open the water way of the Volga. Whereas the Marien Canal System has cost thirty millions of roubles, and that of St. Petersburg twenty millions, next to nothing has been spent on the principal artery of Russia. It is stated that ten millions would be sufficient to clear this magnificent stream, whose miserable condition, remarks the Moscow *Vedomosti*, is "enough to soften the heart of a stone."

NOTES FROM DEOLALI.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DEOLALI, OCT. 8.

THE trooping season at this important military station is again in full swing, and there is much marching to and fro and sounding of bugles and trumpets from early morn to dewy eve. Yes; the evenings are dewy when they are not rainy, and the heavy rains that have fallen during the past three days have brought a beginning of the cold weather, but not a renewal of the bright green that we have been accustomed to see during the past few months, as the grass is already faded and has assumed its yellowish-brown appearance preparatory to disappearing altogether.

The weather has been very unpropitious the last few days for sojourners in tents, and

BOMBAY ATHLETIC TOURNAMENT.

THE above tournament will open at four o'clock this afternoon on the Maidan at the back of the Marine Lines. The Scratch Golf Competition played its first heats at 6-45 this morning, but the events which interest the spectators most commence as stated at four this evening. We publish the programme below and as will be seen it contains a good number of events. Mr. Steuart, and Mr. Proctor, the joint honorary secretaries, have wisely arranged that each item of the programme must take place punctually to the advertised time, and competitors who do not put in an appearance at the proper time will be either disqualified or placed at the bottom of the list. It is only by these means that the long programme can be got through. The ground has been carefully laid out under the supervision of Messrs. Steuart and Proctor, and so far as can be seen they have done their work admirably. The arrangement is certainly the best possible for both competitors and spectators. The pony jumping competition, it has been arranged, shall take place on Tuesday instead of Thursday, and the horse jumping will now be put back to Thursday. Owing to the great number of entries in the tug-of-war, the first ties will take place to-day and the semi-final and final ties on Wednesday. It will be seen by the notice at the end of the published programme that a new race has been arranged for Volunteers of all ranks. Entries for the race may be made on the ground up to Wednesday the day of the race. The Committee have graciously intimated for the especial benefit of visitors to Bombay, that they will be admitted into the subscriber's enclosure free of charge.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME

GOLF.

Pairing and order of starting in the Scratch Golf Competition on Monday, the 12th, and Tuesday the 13th, instant. Commencing at 6-45 a.m. one round each day. Those who are not on the ground at time of starting will go to the bottom of the list.

1	Gen Budgen C E Nixon	5	J A Douglas M C Turner
2	W G Bethan J S Burn	6	E B Raikes L J Robertson
3	E F Nicholson M F Reed	7	W G Page C H Ross
4	Lord G Campbell J Stiven		D Macdonald

4 p.m. Throwing the Cricket Ball.

1 R P Ryan	4 M F Reid
2 F E Geoghegan	5 J P Bewley
3 C St Paul	

The distance thrown shall be calculated from the centre of a scratch line and the thrower, in delivering the ball, shall not cross such scratch line. Three tries are allowed, and crossing the scratch shall count as one try.

4-15—High Jump.

1 J N F Mitchell	3 H H Tudor
2 D J Muirhead	4 H R Anderson

Three jumps allowed at each height. Crossing the scratch without displacing the bar shall not count as one jump.

4-40 p.m.—120 yards, Hurdle Race.

1 J P Bewley	3 A Hay
2 D J Muirhead	4 A Peterkin

4-45 p. m.—Quarter Mile Flat Race, open to all comers

1 Samuel Wilson	5 R J Byrne
2 Tom Reed	6 F Starling
3 Rustomjee Dinshaw	7 Percy Fischer
4 J P Bewley	8 C Falconbridge

4-45—300 yards Flat Race, open to the Parsis only.—Four prizes.

FIRST HEAT.

1 Jamshedji Hormusjee Kapadia	6 R B Nicholson
2 C D Pochajl	7 B M Tarapoorwala
3 Kaikhusru Jamsetji Polishwala	8 Rustomji Dinshaw
4 R P Doctor	9 A N Billimoria
5 Jehangir C Mahableshwarwala	10 Merwanjee Muncherjee Darwalla

SECOND HEAT.

11 Muncherjee S Coachman	16 J H Karanjia
12 P R Bamji	17 G D Cooper
13 M M Surty	18 M H Nicholson
14 Nacroji Dhunjibhai Mahaluxmiwala	19 N P Contractor
15 C A Bidwa	20 B D Gagrat

4-50 p. m —One Mile Walking Race.

1 A C Boulton	6 H Beyts
2 A F Stewart	7 H M Symes
3 R Cashel	8 W C Symes
4 J P Bewley	9 F J Clark
5 Col Haydon	10 C F Martin

5-5 p. m.—Putting the Shot.

1 Capt S Smith	5 M F Reid
2 A Walpole	6 M Morrison
3 J Murdoch	7 A Peterkin
4 W C symes	8 F J Clark

The weight shall be put from the shoulder with one hand only, and without following from a 7 ft. square. All puts shall be measured perpendicularly from the first pitch of the weight to the front line of the square or to that line produced. Crossing the scratch shall count as a try.

5-25 p.m.—"Football Steeplechase," once round the course. Four prizes.

1 A Walpole (Scratch)	8 C K Fairless (20 yards)
2 C St. Paul do	9 A C Owen do
3 M Reid (10 yards)	10 C H Rose do
4 P Clark do	11 R R Owen do
5 W C Symes do	12 A C Boulton (30 yards)
6 G E Hewitt do	13 J C L Home do
7 F W Wading do	14 P H Merrywether do

Every competitor must go over or through the water, and anyone who jumps to one side or the other of the water jump, shall be disqualified.

5-35 p.m.—"300 yards Flat Race," open to Parsees only.

FINAL HEAT.

Winners of first heat.	Winners of second heat.

5-40 p.m.—"Quarter Mile Flat Race" "Merchant's Challenge Cup

A Peterkin	H H Tudor
W C symes	J H Wanderzee
A Hay	

5-45 p.m.—"Tug-of-War, Bombay Gymkhana vs. 11 Company S. Dvision R. A.; East Indian Squadron vs. H. M. S. Cossack; 3 Company S. Division R.A., vs. Bo Light Horse; "Dusters," R A vs. H. M. Blanche.

At the start the rope shall be taut, the centre tape over the centre line, and the competitors outside the side lines. The start shall be by word of mouth. During no part of the pull shall the foot of any competitor go beyond the centre line. The pull shall be won when one team shall have pulled the side tape of the opposing side over their own side. No competitor shall wear boots or shoes with any projecting nails, springs or points of any kind. No competitor shall make any hole in the ground with his feet, or in any other way before the start. No competitor shall wilfuly touch the ground with any part of his person but his feet.

N.B.—Competitors are warned to be punctual for all events, otherwise they will be disqualified.

NOTICE.

A ½ mile flat race open to Volunteers of all ranks will be run on Wednesday the 14th, as event No. 10 (a). Entries will be taken on the ground. Entrance free.

AN APPEAL FROM MIRAJ.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have endeavoured to approach you with a hope that you will be good enough to spare a little space for the publication of the following particulars in your journal:—

By the grace of God and through the kindness of our Chief, Shrimant Ballasaheb Patwardhan, we have been favoured here with all kinds of institutions such as a high school, vernacular boys' schools, girls' schools, a school for the low caste boys and a Veda *shalla* for Brahmin mendicants; but one great want which is now strongly felt here is of a final class. If that class were to be attached to the local High School, the troubles of many of the poor students, who are required to leave this place for Poona or some other place to study for that examination will be saved, and they will not be put unnecessarily to a great expense.

Should the kindness of the Chief and his able Minister Rao Bahadur Chitray, take this our humble request into their favourable consideration, we, the poor students of the High School, shall feel highly obliged and shall ever pray to God for their long life and prosperity.—Yours, &c.,

Miraj, Oct. 8. A STUDENT.

A PARIS correspondent writes:—The plan of founding a "Maison du Peuple" in Paris is being carried on with great spirit. The idea meets with encouragement from Socialists of all shades, and the inaugural lottery tickets, which are intended to cover the preliminary expenses, having been bought up, another issue has been decided upon. A library of 5,000 volumes has been promised, and the architects offer to provide the plans gratuitously. The painters also have come forward with a promise to supply the decorative portion of the building. Even the masons, locksmiths and joiners will give a helping-hand in the completion of the building. The shares are of 50 francs, the first call being of 10 francs, payable by such small instalments as 25 and 50 centimes. All interests on these founders' shares is to be used for the spread of the Socialist cause, and notably in establishing other "maisons du peuple."

NASICK SANITARIUM FOR WOMEN.

A PRELIMINARY meeting of those interested in carrying out the abovementioned charity was held on Monday last, the 5th instant, at the office of Messrs. Phipson and Co., Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee, C.I.E., presiding.

Mr. Phipson explained the objects of the proposed charity and said that the need of a sanitarium in connection with our Bombay hospitals for those suffering especially from chest complaints and fever particularly during the monsoon months, had long been felt by all connected with such institutions. From June to November the hospitals are besieged by patients whose diseases are caused by the climate, and for whom little can be done so long as they are exposed to its influences. Not only are the beds filled week after week by such invalids to the exclusion of many others, but the physicians have the heart-rending spectacle constantly before them of patients going from bad to worse, to whom a change to a drier climate would, in all probability, restore health. At present such a change is possible only to the wealthy and to the fortunate few amongst the poor who have friends in the Deccan. There is no public institution in connection with our Bombay native hospitals to supply this want, nor any organization for lessening the evil referred to. During the past two or three years, however, efforts have been made in this direction, but it was thought desirable by those who had the matter at heart, that some suitable site should be obtained in a salubrious climate, before appealing to the public for assistance in building. An excellent site had now been obtained by Mrs. Pechey-Phipson in the neighbourhood of Nasick Road Station, consisting of about eleven acres, which would be placed in the hands of the trustees as her contribution towards the institution, provided sufficient funds can be raised to carry out the project.

Dr. Atmaram Pandurang, Mr. Veerchund Deepchund, and Mrs. Pechy-Phipson, M.D., spoke of the great necessity existing for such an institution, and after the subject had been fully discussed, it was decided that an effort should be made to raise sufficient funds to carry out the proposed scheme on the site offered. It is intended that the sanitarium shall consist a number of small detached cottages, which will be placed at the disposal of patients and the friends who accompany them (either male or female) for short periods free of rent. In addition to these it is proposed to erect a central building, where those patients who are unaccompanied by friends can be under the immediate care of a matron.

Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee said that in order to remove any difficulties which might arise in respect of creed or caste, each cottage should stand in a separate compound, and should be specially set aside for the use of Hindoos, Mussulmans, Parsees, Jews, or Christians, respectively, in accordance with the wishes of those who defray the cost of these buildings.

Mr. Veerchund Deepchund felt sure that the scheme would be most favourably received by members of his community, which alone could easily raise the money to build a dozen such cottages.

The plans and sketches of the proposed detached cottages, prepared by Messrs. Pavri and Raghunath, L.C.E., were examined and approved of, on the understanding that the cost of the houses would not exceed the sum of Rs. 1,700 each. It was further proposed that the cottages should be called after the donors, whose names should be inscribed on stone memorial tablets over the front verandahs.

It was announced at the meeting that the cost of three cottages had been already promised by the following gentlemen:—H. H. the Jam Saheb of Jamnugger, Messrs. Morarjee Goculdas and Co., and Mr. Hugh Monie, and that Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart., had promised to give Rs. 1,000 towards the general funds of the institution. Promises of smaller sums had also been received.

It was decided that a subscription list should be started at once, and that all contributions should be acknowledged from time to time in the newspapers.

It was also resolved that the following gentlemen constitute a general committee, from which an executive committee should be elected:—The Hon'ble Messrs. Justice Telang and Javerilal U. Yajnik; Messrs. Hurkisondass Narotumdass, Vijbhukhandass Atmaram, Veerchund Deepchund, Shantaram Narayen, V. A. Modak, and Purshotumdass Mungaldass; Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna; Mr. Dharamsee Murarjee Goculdass; Dr. Atmaram Pandurang; The Hon'ble Mr. Fuzulbhoy Visram; Messrs. Ameerudin Tyabjee, Cureembhoy Ebrahim, and Nansey Peeroo Mahomed; the Hon'ble Mr. R. M. Sayani; Messrs. A. M. Dhurumsey, and Rahimbhoy Allana; Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed; Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart., Khan Bahadoor M. C. Murzban, C.I.E., Messrs. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee, C.I.E., Dosabhoy Framjee, Nowrojee Manockjee Wadia, Darashaw R. Chichgar, K. N. Kabrajee, Hormusjee Eduljee Allbless, George Cotton, James Sleigh, S. D. Sassoon; the Hon'ble Mr. L. R. W. Forrest; Messrs. R. Logan, G. A. Kitredge; the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Birdwood; Messrs. Grattan Geary, H. Curwen, M. C. Turner, D. Gostling, Drs. Gerson da Cunha, L. do Rozario and Da Gama.

To be ex-officio Members,—The Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay; the Chief Medical Officer of the Cama and Allbless Hospitals; the Chief Medical Officer of the Sir J. J. Hospital; the Chief Medical Officer of the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital; and the Chief Medical Officer of the Parsee Obstetric Hospital.

Mr. Sorabjee Shapurjee Bengallee was asked to act as honorary treasurer and Mr. H. M. Phipson and Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna as joint honorary secretaries.

The meeting then ended with a vote of thanks to the the Chairman.

THE RIPON PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE following is the report of the Board of Directors for the year ended 30th June 1891 to be submitted to the ordinary annual general meeting of the company to be held on the 28th day of October at 3-30 p.m:—

1. The Board now submit their report with the audited accounts for the year ended 30th June 1891. 2. In accordance with the recommendation of the superintendent of the estate, only a quantity of bark sufficient to cover the working expenses was harvested during the year. The net amount realized by sales in London was Rs. 3,210-4-0, and, as will be seen from the statement of profit and loss account, against this sum have been placed all the expenses connected therewith as also the cost of superintendence of the estate and all Bombay charges. The directors consider that looking at the uncertainties of the future of the market for bark no profit should be estimated until the whole of the cultivation charges, which appear on the credit side of the balance sheet under the head of "Debts owing to the Company," shall have been wiped off by sale proceeds of bark. The deficit of Rs. 133-5-3 in profit and loss account has been carried to debit of cultivation charges. 3. Reports from the estate still continue very favorably excepting in regard to the small portion of the southern slopes, referred to in the directors' report of last year. Many of the trees on this part are cankered. The superintendent attributes this, to this portion being exposed to the south-west monsoon, and to the unusual heavy fall of rain that occurred in July last. Besides, the soil on this part of the estate is poor. Measures are being taken to secure the bark of those trees that show signs of disease. 4. Harvesting will be conducted this year on a somewhat extensive scale. Probably the trees of the 1885 planting will be "shaved," and it is expected that about thirty or forty thousand pounds of bark will be reaped. The rates ruling in the London market during the past year have been very low, but a marked improvement has now set in, and prices are expected to advance. 5. The board regret to announce the death of their esteemed colleague the late Mr. Raghunath N. Khote, C.I.E., who ever since the formation of the company took a deep interest in its affairs. The vacancy on the board caused by his death has not yet been filled up. 6 Mr. Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit retired from the board on his departure for Europe in April last, and his brother, Mr. Framjee Dinshaw Petit, was appointed in his place. The shareholders will be asked to confirm this appointment. 7. Mr. H. S. Symons, the company's auditor, is now absent in Europe, and the directors appointed Mr. Burn, accountant of the Bank of Bombay, auditor for the past year. This appointment the shareholders will also be asked to confirm 8. The retiring directors are Messrs. Framjee Dinshaw Petit and Poorunchund Punalal, both of whom are eligible for re-election.

AN extraordinary case of mistaken identity occurred at Maidenhead on Satuaday, the 12th ulto. In the morning the body of a man was found in Cliveden Reach, and it was recognised by Superintendent Dowell and Sergeant Meade as being that of a person named Hawkins. The police took the body to Hawkins' lodgings, where it was identified by the landlady. There was, however, not sufficient room in the house for the corpse, and it was removed to the mortuary of the Cottage Hospital. At nine o'clock in the evening, to the consternation of his landlady, Hawkins walked in. She was so frightened that she at once ran to the police, who then proceeded to the hospital, and found that a mistake had been made—the body being that of an ex-rtiral postman named Drake.

MR. MILN AS A SHAKESPEARIAN ACTOR.

WHEN Mr. Miln came to Bombay a fortnight ago, and his appearance in melo-drama did not realise the expectations that had been formed of him, we were told that such characters were not in his line, that he was a student of Shakespeare, and that, therefore, we should wait till we had seen his Hamlet, Shylock, Othello and other parts before forming a definite opinion on his capacity as an actor. He has now shown what he can do with two of the most trying Shakespearian roles, Hamlet and Othello, and the result is that what was said of him is true, that he is more at home with these than in such parts as Harold Armytage and Wilfred Denver. His Moor is, indeed, praiseworthy, as to be a revelation to the students of Shakespeare. Of his Hamlet, however, we will speak first, leaving the more agreeable task of criticising his Othello till later. Mr. Miln's Hamlet is, taken as a whole, an agreeable performance; but it would require to be improved ere it could be considered one of very great merit, such as one might have been led to believe from the fact that for a hundred and twenty-seven consecutive nights Mr. Miln played Hamlet at Melbourne, which was claimed as the longest run of the tragedy there on record. His reading of the part must surely have deteriorated since then. It is not a performance to carry great enthusiasm with it. He shows a weakness in his soliloquies in particular. The grand speech on the death of his father: "Oh that this too, too, solid flesh would melt," had little meaning in it. His address to the ghost on first seeing it was feeble too. In the treatment of the line "Angels and Ministers of Grace defend us," he did not convey the impression by any means that he was susprised or awed. There was more of terror and grief in his voice. Of course that may be Mr. Miln's conception. Both those speeches betrayed lack of study; he seemed completely lost in words. The soliloquy after the disappearance of the ghost, therefore, came as a surprise. He caught the true spirit of the lines, and if he did not spare his voice, there was no fault in that, for Hamlet could not be too vehement in his denunciation of his uncle, and Hamlet is, of course, wrought up to a high pitch of excitement at the moment by the ghost's discovery to him. There was no lack of power in his soliloquy after meeting the players. He ranted a good deal in the first portion, and gave an excellent display of lung power, but in the latter portion, when he came to "I have heard that guilty creatures, sitting at a play," and so on, he showed an even keener perception of the matter. There he displayed the wavering of Hamlet and, finally, when he had concluded the play was the thing, his satisfaction, and the curtain was rung down on the most effective piece of elocution (not acting, for he appeared to better advantage in other scenes, as will be explained presently) that he exhibited during the play. The address to the players was delivered with good accent, and with becoming quietness, but he forgot that excellent advice himself in the Closet Scene with the Queen. He did out-herod Herod without any doubt, and tore his passion into tatters, as he had not long before been telling his player friends not to do, most effectually. But although he was thus successful in "splitting the ears of the groundlings," the scene had its merits as well, and there was something in his conception of the manner in which the scene should be played which deserves special notice. When he asked the Queen to "look upon this picture and on this," he did not point to two pictures on the walls, or to imaginary pictures in the air towards the gallery, as some tragedians do, or to the wings R and L. Mr. Miln produced two miniatures, after shaking which in the Queen's face, he threw one away, and grinding his teeth and rolling his eyes to show his hatred of his wicked uncle, stamped violently on it; while he fondled the other portrait and returned it carefully to his bosom. That was all very well and very natural. Again, Mr. Miln makes the appearance of the ghost in the closet, "to whet his almost blunted purpose," purely imaginary on Hamlet's part, and he addresses himself to vacancy in real earnest. He made a deal out of the "Recorder," Scene; and the "Get thee to a nunnery" scene was not devoid of power. He was undoubtedly best in the lighter portions, as for instance in the dialogue when Polonius "boards him" while reading, which appeared one of his best, even although he was handicapped by a poorly played Polonius.

Mr. Miln appeared to quite different advantage as Othello. It was a better study altogether, and he displayed more really good elocution than he had yet shown. If in "Hamlet" his soliloquies were weak in "Othello" they were his strong point. His address to the Senate came quite as a revelation of Mr. Miln's power as a tragedian. It was quiet, yet impressive. If his stature on his first appearance upon the stage seemed incongruous with one's idea of the Moor of Venice, one forgot all that in listening to him as with deep, sonorous voice, he stood, proud and haughty, explaining how he won the heart of Desdemona. Unaided by gesture, with simple intonation and facial expression, he gave a thoroughly intelligent recital of the fine speech. Equally impressive was he in the scene of Cassio's disgrace and dismissal. But where he really roused his audience to enthusiasm was where Iago succeeds in instilling the germs of jealousy in Othello's bosom. The quick look of suspicion as he turned on Iago and asked him what his thoughts were, the growing uneasiness at Iago's dissembling, and the hidden meaning of his words, were all admirably conceived. As he went on he still improved in the agitation of the soul, stricken with fear of his wife's falseness, and his strivings to shake off the green-eyed monster undeniably proved the gift he possesses. Passionate speeches are Mr. Miln's *forte*, and we hardly expected Iago to rise again after Othello's terrible threat, terribly delivered with blazing eyes, His dissembling on meeting Desdemona afterwards was well put on; and in the final scene, where he murders Desdemona, it would have been difficult to find a flaw. Mr. Miln seemed quite unmanned as he looked upon the innocent face of his sleeping wife, and there was nothing unnatural in his renewed resolve on Desdemona's awakening. Then, when he discovered the purity of his wife, the passion of grief at her death, horror at his crime, and mad rage at the villain Iago were all deliniated with consummate skill. In a word his whole portrayal of Othello showed Mr Miln as an actor of talent. While there is something to condemn in his Hamlet, there is nothing in his Othello to complain of, for the reason that while his Hamlet is all artificiality, in Othello one loses sight entirely of the actor and sees nothing but the jealous, passionate Moor. Although not yet announced, there is some talk of Mr. Miln finishing up his season with "Hamlet." "Othello" would be better. We have not been slow to condemn when Mr. Miln proved disappointing. It is, therefore, with pleasure we give him a word of truly merited praise for his "Othello." This being so great an improvement on anything he has tried before is sure to rouse more interest in the production of the "Merchant of Venice" to-night than might otherwise have been the case, Shylock being said to be Mr. Miln's best part.

"CASTE" AT THE GAIETY.

On Saturday night Mr. Miln's company played T. W. Robertson's interesting comedy "Caste," which proved the best performance the company, as a whole, has yet given. Requiring a small cast, only the principal members were required, the result being a highly successful representation of the comedy, so that we can well understand how the play was received with enthusiasm by large audiences at every town the company stayed in during their journey from Calcutta to Bombay. Mr. Miln himself played the careless-dispositoned, honest workman Sam Gerridge admirably, which showed that he can act comedy as well as tragedy. Mr. J. H. Nunn made a highly amusing Eccles, which as a character sketch was far above his Elijah Coombe in the "Silver King." Only in the last act did he somewhat overdraw the drunkenness of Eccles. Mr. Montgomery acted quietly and gentlemanly as Captain Hawtree, and Mr. W. Walkor's George D'Alroy was a pleasant, natural performance. Miss Louise Jordan is to be congratulated on her appearance as Polly Eccles. It sat better on her than any role she has yet undertaken. It was a really pleasing bit of light comedy acting. Miss Douglas as Esther Eccles was all that could be desired and expected of so competent an actress as she has proved herself in the many and varied roles she has played during the past two weeks. Miss Bowman was also seen to advantage as the proud Marquise. It is a pity "Caste" is not to be played again.

HEAVY rain fell on the nights of the 3rd, 4th, and 5th instant throughout the Districts of Belgam, Gadaq, Ranibenner, Dharwar, Haribar and Bangalore, and prices of food grains were affected immediately. Prior to this the outlook was very bad and the civil authorities contemplated commencing relief works, which happily are not now necessary.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure, Mild and Emollient—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists. Agents—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

THE MOFUSIL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE twenty-first annual general meeting of shareholders of the company was held on Saturday at the registered office, Rampart Row, Mr. Nowrojee Jehangir Gamadia, chairman of the board of directors, presiding. The following directors' report was submitted:—

Your directors have now the pleasure of submitting to you their annual report and balance sheet for the year ending 30th June 1891. The cotton crop of the past season was not so large as that of the previous one and the number of bales pressed by this Company was also smaller being 1,90,673 as against 2,15,718 bales last year, and the number shown under joint working agreements is 2,14,520 as compared with 2,27,273 in 1890. The joint working agreements at Delhi, Agra, Etawah, Wurdha, Amraoti and Karinja expired and all, with the exception of Wurdha, were renewed during the year, while a new joint working agreement was made for Julgaum. During the year a fire occurred at Kosi and another at Bhilwara. The cotton on hand at these factories was fully insured, but a loss of Rs. 2,624-2-10 was sustained in consequence of five mixing sheds having been destroyed and a quantity of old gunnies and other materials being burnt. This sum and the cost of renewing the press house burnt last Season at Karinja, have been placed to the debit of the Fire Insurance Fund. Several accidents of minor importance occurred to your machinery—namely, the leaking of a hydraulic cylinder at Bhilwara, the breakage of a bottom pin of the press at Wurdha and several breakages in the presses at Karinja. The necessary repairs were at once made and the machinery has been kept in good order. As the shareholders are aware the principal object the directors have in view is the pressing and ginning of cotton at remunerative rates on behalf of buyers of cotton. As it is, however, impossible to count on this support with certainty and regularity througout each season at several factories, your directors are necessarily compelled for the purpose of keeping their machinery going, to supplement the work by purchasing and pressing cotton in the districts and selling it in Bombay. They are naturally anxious to minimise as much as possible, the attendant risks on this description of business, but they are hampered in so many directions by the provisions of the existing memorandum of association, that they have, after very careful consideration in consultation with their solicitors and the opinion of several eminent counsels decided in placing before an extraordinary meeting of the shareholders, to be held immediately after the conclusion of the business of the annual general meeting on the 10th proximo a revised memorandum of association for a new company, which will take over the assets and business of the present one. This latter proposal is compulsory because the law does not allow of the memorandum of a joint stock company being amended. Under the existing memorandum the directors are precluded from entertaining one of the safest and most remunerative classes of business, viz., the pressing at the company's factories and the selling on commission of cotton owned by constituents and others. To supplement the working of their presses your directors are compelled, as stated above, to purchase and sell cotton on behalf of the Company. If, in these days of keen competition, a turn over business was, except very rarely, possible, the attendant risks would be comparatively small, but being otherwise, the directors wish to be able to secure, cover, or close a risk, at any moment by covering, buying back, or selling other growths than those actually handled by the company and also of dealing in Exchange for a similar purpose. At present they cannot do this, and it is needless to say that the position being known, the Company is virtually, in such cases, at the mercy of their buyers. The main object the directors have in view is to work the cotton account of the company solely for the benefit of the pressing one, and thereby to compete, as little as possible, with traders A new oil mill, which was about to be erected in the Berars by a trading company, has been purchased by your directors, and it will be erected at one of the company's factories, where there is a prospect of its being worked to advantage. The profit and loss account shows a credit balance of Rs. 1,54,031-13-3, of which your directors have placed Rs. 28,031-13-3 to the depreciation fund and they recommend the payment of a dividend of Rs. 40 per share, being equal to 10 per cent, on the paid up capital, free of income tax, which will absorb the remaining Rs. 1,25,000. Under clause 99 of the articles of association, Mr. Motiram Bhagubhai retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election. Owing to the late monsoon and the erratic rainfall in most districts, the crop generally is backward, and will probably be smaller than that of the past season. The proposed new memorandum and articles of association, together with the draft agreement to be entered into with the new company, is available for the perusal of the shareholders at the office of the company.

The chairman proposed the adoption of the report, with the audited accounts, and the payment of a dividend of Rs. 40 per share, free of income tax. He drew the attention of the shareholders to the very keen competition against which the company had to contend in Gujerat, where although the company owned 267 out of the total of 400 gins, not a farthing of profit had been made.

The proposition was carried unanimously after some discussion regarding the fire insurance arrangements of the company, the chairman assuring the shareholders that the directors had taken the requisite powers in the matter under the new memorandum of association, in accordance with which they would or would not insure the factories, as was deemed advisable in the interests of the company.

Mr. Motiram Bhaghubhoy was re-elected a director; and Messrs. Sadanand Balkrishna and Furdoonjee Ardasir Cursetjee were reappointed auditors with a remuneration of Rs. 250 each.

The proceedings of the ordinary general meeting having terminated, the meeting resolved itself into an extraordinary general meeting for the purpose of passing certain special resolutions for the winding up of the old company and the formation of a new one.

It was proposed by Mr. A. F. Beaufort, and seconded by Mr. R. Gilbert (1) That the company be wound up voluntarily under the provisions of the Indian Companys' Act, 1882. (2) That Nowrojee Jehangheer Gamudia, Esq., be and he is hereby appointed liquidator for the purposes of such winding up, and that his remuneration be the sum of Rs. 500. (3) That the said liquidator be and he is hereby authorized to consent to the registration of a new company to be named 'The New Mofussil Company, Limited,' with a memorandum and articles of association, which, as well as the form of an agreement to be entered into between this company and its liquidator of the first part, the several persons in the said agreement referred to of the second part, and the said intended new company of the third part, and referred to in such memorandum of association, have already been prepared with the privity of the directors of this company. That the said form of agreement submitted to this meeting and expressed to be made between this company and its liquidator of the first part, the several persons in the said agreement referred to of the second part, and the new mofussil company, limited, of the third part, be and the same is hereby approved, and that the said Liquidator be and he is hereby authorized to enter into an agreement with such new company when incorporated in terms of the said from of agreement and to carry the same into effect. That the said liquidator be and he is hereby accordingly authorised and directed, pursuant of section 204 of the Indian Companies' Act 1882, to transfer and assign the business, property good-will, cash, and assets of this company to the said New Mofussil Company, Limited, intended to be formed as aforesaid, so soon as the same shall be formed in consideration of the said liquidator receving such shares of Rs. 400 and Rs. 100 each, fully paid-up in the said New Mofussil Company, Limited, subject to the provisions and terms as mentioned in the said form of agreement and to carry the same into effect."

Mr. Beaufort, in moving the proportion, stated that it was not the intention of the directors to force the amendments upon the meeting unless they close to adopt them. The directors had taken what they deemed were the best steps in the interests of the company after obtaining counsel's opinion.

Some of the shareholders asked for information as to certain clauses of the new memorandum, the whole of which was read over by Mr. R. Gilbert, a director, the chairman giving explanations with regard to each clause as it was read. The chairman remarked that the new clauses would secure the company against losses and enable it to do a commission business, thus avoiding the purchase of cotton on its own account, and thereby minimising the risk they had been incurring up to that time.

The chairman's explanations having proved satisfactory, Mr. Beaufort's proposition was carried unanimously; and the proceedings terminated with the customary compliment to the chairman.

THE present season has not, hitherto been favourable to the cultivation of winter rice. In Chittagong and Purneah and several sub-divisions of Burdwan, Cutwa, Kishoreganj, and Orissa the excessive rainfall in the early part of the season had a very injurious effect. On the other hand, parts of Chota Nagpore, and Behar, and Orissa report insufficient rain. The value of the crop throughout Bengal is roughly estimated at thirteen annas.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

DURING His Excellency the Governor of Bombay's visit to Sind in the approaching winter, we are informed that Lord Harris will decorate the Mir of Khairpur with the insignia of a Knight Commander of the Order of the Indian Empire, to which dignity he has recently been admitted.

A GOVERNMENT resolution sanctions a reward of Rs. 50 for every tiger and Rs. 20 for every tiger cub proved to have been killed in the Sunderbuns reserved forests.

A CHANGE has been made in the Burma Ruby Mine Regulations, by which heavier penalties are imposed for smuggling. The new rules *per contra* allow natives to pay fees for licenses instead of royalties on the rubies found, which latter system the company found difficult to work. They will now derive their income from licenses instead of royalties.

BESIDES the numerous military columns operating on the Burma frontier this cold season, two police columns go out. One marches from Momeik, meeting the Bhamo eastern column at Namban. The other will explore the Sinkan Valley, south of Bhamo, which has been a place of refuge for dacoits.

ON Tuesday the Hindus of Meerut painted up a bull buffalo and formed a procession and led this animal through the city, to drive the choleraic demon out of their midst. Cholera has of late been very rife in the city, and few homes have been spared. However the course of the disease has been erratic. In Baraut it was in its most virulent epidemic form, carrying off three to four hundred of strong young Jats within a fortnight. Then it appeared just as bad in the European infantry bazaar, and later there were three or four cases in the Lancers, Fusiliers, Artillery, Bengal Cavalry and Infantry, and, lastly, in the city. The weather has become suddenly cooler lately, and sickness generally has abated in consequence.

FURTHER accounts of the shooting of the two rifle thieves at Rawalpindi by the sentry—Private Chandler—of the Bedfordshire Regiment, writes the Lahore paper, so that he acted with courage and presence of mind. Having been alarmed elsewhere, the thieves, five in number, attempted to escape past the sentry on all fours. He at first thought they were donkeys graizing, but challenged, when they all rose to their feet, and separated as if to surround him. He challenged twice more, and then fired one round with the effect—as already state—of killing one man and mortally wounding another. The fatal effect of the single round of buck shot in this instance is confirmation of the soundness of our recommendation that for use at night, in jungle warfare and generally in fighting with uncivilized enemies, buckshot should be freely used instead of bullets. In jungle warfare and in a skirmish at night a volley of buckshot would do infinitely more execution than several volleys of ordinary ball cartridge.

HIS many friends in Calcutta, writes the *Englishman*, will be grieved to hear of the death of Mr. G. H. Simmons, Vice-Chairman of the Port Commissioners, which occurred on Wednesday in London. Mr. Simmons took leave last June suffering from affection of the throat, diagnosed as cancer by his Calcutta medical attendant, which diagnosis was confirmed on his arrival in London. Coming to India about 30 years ago, Mr. Simmons entered Government service in the Port Office in 1864, and and was transferred to the new Port Commissioners' service in 1877. He was for many years Secretary and afterwards Traffic Manager, and when Mr. Duff Bruce took furlough in 1887 he was appointed to officiate as Vice-Chairman, and succeeded to the permanent appointment of Mr. Bruce's retirement in 1889. In Mr. Simmons, the Port Commissioners lose a servant of great ability, tact, and industry, to whose able management the present prosperous condition of the Port Trust is largely due.

A LARGE meeting of the Mahomedan community of Madras was held on Wednesday morning at the Spur Tank to pray for rain and the cessation of the cholera epidemic. The attendance is estimated as being between six and seven thousand. All sections of the community in Madras were fully represented. The service, which lasted for an hour was very solemn and impressive and, a correspondent informs us, at its conclusion most of the congregation burst into tears. The third and last meeting was held Thursday morning and at its conclusion the Mahomedan poor will be fed. Special prayers for rain was offered at all mosques.

A DUEL of an original character was fought in front of the Antwerp railway station recently. Two gentlemen from Liege, after a hard day's sight-seeing, refreshed themselves so effectually at a cafe that from beer to brandy, and from arguments to insults, they came to blows. Blood alone could wash away the stain of their mutual insults, but as deadly weapons were not kept on the premises for the use of customers, the proprietor of the cafe suggested that as the street was deserted, the adversaries should annihilate each other with "douches," and he handed to each a portable water-pipe. Cold water being anything but an exciting medium, the combatants, after a thorough drenching, shook hands and hurried to change their garments.

WHEN Captain Younghusband, on arrival at Bozai Gumbaz, found Russian detachments on the Little Pamir and heard of more to the north, he sent off Lieutenant Davision to the Alichur Pamir to discover what was the strength of the main body. This was before receiving the notice to quit which he eventually had to obey, owing to his having no escort with him to enforce his right to remain on neutral ground. Lieutenant Davision journeyed past Wood's Lake (Sarikol) and then turned to the north-west to another lake, the Yashil Kul, into which the Alichur River empties itself. He reached the village of Somartash on the western extremity of this second lake, having crossed the high range in which the principal passes are, the Bash Gumbaz and Khargosh. He was then on the borders of the Afghan Province of Shighnau, which marches with Chinese territory, and he no doubt thought that he could not possibly be interfered with by the Russians. The latter, however, had practically taken possession of the Alichur Pamir and the valley through which the river of that name runs, and they promptly ordered him to leave. He was not allowed to rejoin Captain Younghusband and so took the northern route to Yarkand. There has seldom, we should think, been a case in which two British officers were treated with such scant courtesy on a pretext so utterly unjustifiable.

EARLY last year the Sanitary Commissioner of Madras was directed by Government to formulate a comprehensive scheme for the introduction of animal vaccination into all parts of the Presidency, and for the entire substitution of animal for humanized lymph. His proposal provided for the establishment of no less than 225 local depots and the annual cost was estimated at Rs. 79,984. It was not, however, brought into force, as Dr. King's then Acting Sanitary Commissioner, shortly afterwards suggested a method of vaccination by means of animal lymph preserved in lanoline and, as the conclusions arrived at by him appeared to be sound, the Government appointed him on special duty to carry out experiments, and he commenced operations on the 15th November last. He has now submitted his final report to Government, and there is every likelihood of animal vaccine being exclusively adopted throughout the Presidency. It may be interesting, however, to note in the mean time the results of the operations performed with this medium in 1890-91. Dr. King's lanoline paste, it appears, was employed in 75,159 cases, exclusive of oper

ECHOES OF SCIENCE.

In continuing his researches on the part played by imprisoned gases in geology, M. Daubree has made some new experiments, which show that these vapours are not only able to cause fissures in the terrestrial crust and bring up minerals from below, for instance, the rubies of the Cape, but to form rounded hillocks and swellings of the surface. In this case the gases are unable to force their way through the superincumbent strata, but their pressure is strong enough to bend the rocks.

The chronograph of Le Boulenge, which is used in the French Army for determining the speed of projectiles is, with some modification by Captain Holden, R.A., being manufactured by Mr. Pitkin, 56, Red Lion-street, Clerkenwell. There are two screens, at a distance from each other, and the projectile in traversing them cuts asunder an electric wire in each. The current of electricity being therebystopped in these wires, two magnets in circuit allow two iron rods to fall. The second rod actuates a knife which indents the first rod in its fall and the position of this mark gives the time the ball has taken to pass from one screen to the other.

A curious optical effect has recently been the subject of a note to the Academie des Sciences, Paris, by M. Mascart, the well known physicist. When we look fixedly at a white background uniformly lighted and a black object rapidly crosses the field of view, the background will appear darker in the rear of the object, and the end of the "shadow," as we may call it, where the background recovers its true whiteness, is seen to be tinged with red. M. Mascart explains the effect by the established fact that the eye takes time to recover from the darkening due to the passage of the black object. There is a physiological retardation, and the red tinge is accounted for by the eye being more sensitive to the red or long waves of light than to the green. According to a rough estimate the retardations of the luminous impression is about 1-25th of a second, and the red rays are about 1-100th second in advance of the total radiance or white light.

M. Grehant has devised a myograph dynamometer or machine for measuring the power of any particular muscle or group of muscles. The apparatus registers the power on a band of travelling papar, and is likely to be very useful in physiological science. Experiments made with it at the Museum of Natural History in Paris have shown that the muscular power of the biceps and of the anterior brachial muscles in man varies as much as from 15 to 45 kilogrammes.

In conjunction with M. Quinquard, the same investigator has been measuring the effect of alcohol and other intoxicants on muscular power, the subject being a dog, and the muscle being the tendon of Achilles. Compressed oxygen reduced the muscular power to about a half of the normal; alcohol, administered by injection to the point of drunkenness, reduced the muscular power to about a third of the normal; and curare, administered by hypodermic injection, also reduced the muscular power to a much smaller fraction of what it had been.

Although the ostrich is now raised for its plumes in many countries, for instance, the Cape of Good Hope, whence most of the feathers come, New Zealand, Australia, Mauritius, California, the Argentine, Egypt, and so on, the French have not succeeded very well in farming the bird in Algeria, notwithstanding the fact that the finest plumes come from the Sahara, which is the original home of the ostrich. This comparative failure is due to the limitations of private enterprise; the State having only set the example by instituting several ostrich parks on the Algerian coast. We learn, however, that a bolder attempt is now to be made by M. Forest, an industrial naturalist, who proposes to establish a great ostrich farm at El-Oualia, an oasis between Batna and Biskra, in the province of Constantine.

Professor Brinton, of Philadelphia, an authority on the Red Men and their languages, recently made a study of their songs, and has shown that these consist either of the same verse repeated again and again, with a simple meaningless refrain of interjections, of different verses, with the like refrain. In general there is little sense in the words, the songs being mostly "sound and fury signifying nothing." Nevertheless, as he points out, they have to be judged by their music rather than by their sense. The Indians possess poetic diction as distinguished from ordinary parlance, and always employ it in speeches or in songs. His observations throw light on some of our own old ballads, which have refrains and choruses, apparently absurd and sometimes merely interjectional yet are very effective.

The fruit growers of California have introduced a fumigating tent for destroying the insect pests of their trees. The tent is transported on a waggon, and is lowered over the tree bodily by means of poles, ropes, and tackle. The fumes are raised under the tent by taking one part by weight of anhydrous cyanide of potassium, one part of sulphuric acid, and two parts of water, and mixing them together in a leaden bucket. The operator withdraws to escape the poisonous fumes after adding the acid, and in 15 minutes the tree is fumigated. An orange tree 20 feet high requires 500 grammes of the cyanide and an equal quantity of acid.

An American scientific journal draws attention to the gymnastic exercise which can be derived from the proper use of a stick 5ft. long and 1in. in diameter, preferably of bamboo. Hold it by the hands in front of the body, then lift it over the head to the middle of the back, inflate the lungs, and hold the breath during the exercise, so as to develop the chest. In this last position of the stick, rotate the body, holding the knees firm, and the toes turned out, so as to exercise the loins. Hold the stick vertically down the back, and sway the body sideways. Another evolution recommended is to hold the stick across the middle of the back, bring it over the head to the front, step over it, first one leg then the other, and any other movement which suggests itself, always returning to the first position. For young persons of both sexes who have no dumb-bells or other gymnastic appliances the stick exercise is decidedly wholesome. It has nothing violent about it and is quite under the control of the subjects.

The "palsiphone" is a new musical instrument now attracting attention in Paris. It is the device of MM. Guerre and Martin, and consists of a set of sonorous bodies which are rapidly struck by the vibrating "interruptor" of an induction coil The principle has been applied to house bells, with the result that an agreeable musical note is elicited, which approaches in quality that of an organ pipe. An ordinary gong or bell can be transformed into the "avertissour chantant," as it is called, by adding the requisite electromagnet and vibrating spring contact.

A new way of propelling ships has been invented by Mr. Thomas Mills, of Charters Town, Queensland, and was recently brought before the Clyde shipbuilders by a demonstration with a model ship, nearly five feet long, on the St. Vincent Pond, Glasgow. Mr. Mills places the propeller at the bow, instead of the stern, and makes it conical, with a diameter nearly equal to the beam of the ship. The blades of the propeller are fixed at right angles to the surface and arranged spirally. They have thus a boring or auger action. The inventor proposes to apply the device to a large steamer.

The Simplex Life-Saving Gear deserves notice as an attempt to save important time now lost in casting a life-buoy at the cry of "man overboard." The buoy is fastened by a trip-hook to a small davit on the stern taffrail of the ship. The end of the hook is held by an electromagnet and a soft iron armature. A circuit from this magnet runs to the bridge, where a contact is placed under the eyes of the officer on watch. All he has to do to launch the buoy is simply to press the contact button and release the hook. The buoy is fitted with a marine light which flares up on reaching the water. This and other purely machanical forms are exhibited by Messrs. Pain and Sons in the Cook Gallery of the Royal Naval Exhibition.

An instrument for taking and recording the contour of a river bottom has been invented by Herr Stechner and tried on the River Elbe. It consists of a long curving arm, which hangs from a boat into the water, and trails on the bottom. Its inclination under the varying depth is caused to work a pencil and draw a curve of the contour on a band of travelling paper as the boat proceeds. During the trial on the Elbe the contour line of 287 miles of the river bed was drawn in ten days.

Apyrite is the title of a new smokeless powder which has given much satisfaction in Sweden. It is based on a highly nitrated cellulose, and gives low pressures of 2,200 to 2,540 atmospheres, without flame or smoke; the bullet having an nitial velocity of 630 to 650 metres a second. The powder, which is black, does not heat the rifle much, and, while tolerably safe against knocks or rubs, can be ignited even in large quantities without explosion. Trials have shown that ten shots with nitro-glycerine powder, fifteen with black powder, and twenty-three with apyrite, had a similar heating effect on the barrel.

INDIAN FACTORY LEGISLATION.

The following is the text of the letter which Dr Bahadurji addressed to the *Times* on the above subject:—

Sir,—Mr. Holt Hallett's paper on factory legislation in India excited a great deal of sensation at the Hygiene Congress, as much for what it put forth as facts as for the real facts which it failed to give, and were afterwards supplied by the subsequent speakers. The question is of great moment both to India and to England, and, as it requires a careful and truthful study, may I ask the favour of being allowed to say a few words on the subject from the standpoint of one who has seen the mill hands at work, at different times of the day, who has examined them as a medical man and who has talked to them familarly on subjects of importance to themselves? Identical laws, I need hardly say, can only be applied to identical conditions. Are the conditions of the country and and the people identical in the East and the West? Is that the knowledge Mr Holt Hallett possesses about India and her people—let alone his knowledge of the the inside of an Indian spinning Mill? When he triumphantly says that "sunrise to sunset" is something very different from "dawn to dusk" (with enough light for work), is he not totally ignorant of the fact that twilight in India lasts but a few minutes as compared with the hours of twilight in England? To prevent foolish people from running their engines when light has distinctly faded, it might be useful to have the hours of closing defined for the different seasons of the year, and I heartily endorse the recommendation of the Medical Committee of 1884 to that effect, in order that the safety of life and limb be insured by not working in the dark. But while endorsing the medical opinion I still maintain that Mr Hallett was in error in supposing that defining hours meant shortening them.

One great fact that is lost sight of is that the Indian mill hands do not work all their lives in the mills, and hence it is that a few operatives only who earn very handsome wages are to be seen in every mill working for over 30 years, and up to what in my country would be called a good old age of 50 to 55 They belong to an agricultural class. They go to the mills to make some money with which to improve the condition of their own homes. And that such has been the case is amply proved by the Government report on the Ratnagiri district, which they found to be bettering with the growth of the mill industry. Almost every mill hand goes to his native district every year or two for a month or more. This means change of air, change of scene and surroundings, and is an immense advantage from a health point of view. Does not the simple fact that not one operative works 300 days in the year show that the number of holidays taken is greater than the number of printed holidays (27 to 30)? What the actual practice is is given in the Factory Commission reports, and ought to have been allowed a place in his calculations by Mr. Holt Hallett. The operatives keep a lien on their places by putting in substitutes. The men not only absent themselves for a whole day, but may leave early in the afternoon and get their half-day's wages. The women stay away for any period of a week every month without giving any notice or without fear of losing their places. They come in any time between 7 and 9 a.m., and are allowed to go home to look after their sucklings at intervals during the day. Does this imply restrictions on personal liberty? Does not Mr. Holt Hallett blindly pass over these statements of the operatives themselves in his thirsty quest of sensational stories of isolated cases of operatives not choosing to go out in the mill compound more than once or twice a day, as if being in the mill meant always actively engaged at work? If an Indian mill of the same capacity as an English mill has nearly three times the number of hands that the English has, as I have myself seen, does not that mean that either one-third the time each operative is not working, or that he does actually one-third the work of the English operative? Does not this in itself show that the Indian operative not only works less, but that his work is of an intermittent character, and hence the number of operatives seen loitering in the mill compound all hours of the day, which they feel themselves at liberty to do? The sight of a white man, even though he be their master, will not hurry them away to their machines, nor will they trouble to even get up should they happen to be stretching their full length. This fact will enable one to judge of the degree of truth in the sensational recital of an American gentleman, who was the only supporter of Mr. Hallett at the Congress, and all he had to say was that his presence among the mill hands of Bombay made them shrink away and coil upon themselves, and this very likely must have annoyed him into thinking and declaring them to be a hopeless lot of beings altogether! Does not Mr. Hallett know that in India all "workers" have long hours, the climate demanding the spreading over of work over a large space of time? Mr. Hallett puts down the stamina of an Indian operative as only one-fifth that of an English workman. Would he not give him, therefore, considerably longer time to do his work, so that he does it without fatigue and exhaustion? The average daily production having to be kept up, shortening hours would mean expenditure of extra physical energy—to gain in force what is lost in time. The extra expenditure means a demand upon the reserve stock—the capital, and consuming the capital means short work. One's daily experience teaches that living upon one's capital is not only not economical, but ruinous to a degree. Had Mr. Hallett carefully studied the Factory Commission Report of 1884, he could not have helped noticing the strongest proof of the Indian muscle not being suited to any but intermittent work (and intermittent work requires longer hours with frequent stoppages). The Indian dockyard authorities tell us that their labourers 'in spite of the short hours of 8 to 5, long rest intervals, Sunday and other holidays, broke down and died, if kept hard at work, as a European would work himself. However much the deliberations of the Berlin Congress may apply to England, they cannot apply in the same manner to India; and, indeed, the Berlin Congress were anxious that their conclusions should not be applied to India and other countries of which they had no knowledge. Even the Secretary of State is anxious that, though the general principle of all factory legislation everywhere is that life and limb must be protected, and that the health of women and young persons and children must, so far as possible, be assured, as regards any additional factory legislation in India due regard must be had to the circumstances of that country, which are in many respects different from those of any European nation.

If, indeed, the fact is acknowledged on all hands that the circumstances and conditions are different in India, why this agitation to apply English factory laws in their entirety to Indian mills? The main difference lies in the mode of work, and the muscles that do the work. Then wherein lies the observance of the ruling to pay special and due regard to the special circumstances, if the Indian modes and conditions of work are to be regulated by the clauses of the English Factory Act? Is Mr. Hallett not insulting his own experience and knowledge when he talks of the 90 deg. of heat being unnatural to the Indians? Is it the heat the Indian delights in or the cold? The mill hands in the cold weather come very early in the morning to sleep in the mills, which are warmed by steam. Is it because Mr. Hallett thinks that heat is unnatural to them? Mr. Hallett by his factory laws would have them turned out of the mills, for he would call it a hardship that the operatives should be allowed to deprive themselves of their sleep by leaving their homes early to get a warming in the mills. Is it right to confound all conditions of labour? One cannot be having any idea of an India spinning mill, and that even of the outside of it, when one talks of spinning mills in the same breath with the little factories. The little factories do want improvement in their sanitation, and all call for it, even some of the factory owners themselves. There should be more inspection to secure freedom of space, freedom from accidents from unguarded machines. Night work has to be done owing to the climatic conditions in the ginning factories, of which Mr. Hallett has evidently no conception whatever when he boldly writes down and reads out "that the ginning factories are full of dust and fluff" and require "extremely arduous work," a quotation which really stands in the original as "very little dust" and "work of very light nature." He must be talking of the women in the moon and the lunar ginning factories when he says without any scruples that the women work 23 hours at a stretch day after day. Here, again, the fact in the original stands thus: "23 hours' work, with some rest intervals of two to three hours at a stretch, when friends and relations come in relays." Is this the way of making out a clear case for the application of English factory laws to Indian mills and factories, by stringing together pure fictions of his 8,000,000 female operatives, of his superhuman babies in arms at work in the Indian mills, of his heating the factories with steam in the hottest months of the year, and by perversions of facts which insult the most ordinary understanding, and by such exhibitions of his medical knowledge as his night heat apoplexies amongst the Indians? Mr. Hallett deliberately suppresses the latest medical opinion—viz., that the mill operatives are in no way inferior to other labourers in their physique, and that the women are particularly healthy—an opinion which I am able to corroborate from personal observation and knowledge, and which is further strengthened by hospital experience, which establishes beyond doubt the fact that the mill hands bear operations well, their recovery is most satisfactory, their wounds heal rapidly and well, and to do so they must be healthy. Healty wounds mean healthy flesh and healthy blood, and this certainly is not the property of the puny, overtasked, and broken down operatives which exist only in the imaginary world of a Hallett, but it certainly is the property of the healthy mill hands who are to be seen in the Indian mills any day by anybody who pays them a visit. When one deliberately suppresses such facts and insults his audience by keeping from them the knowledge that one of his medical quotations was resented, and the fallacious conclusions sought to be derived by Mr. Hallett feelingly repudiated in a letter to *The Times* by the author, Dr. Mrs. Pichey-Phipson, and when one deliberately shuts his eyes to the conclusions and recommendations of the Factory Commissioners, who speak from actual knowledge and observations and who represent no interests other than those of humanity and good work, the blind advocates' cause becomes but too transparent, and the most ordinary intelligence fails to see good work or humanity in the background. Dr. Mrs. Pechey-Phipson truly says that the factory laws enact that by law the poor women of India will be prevented from doing the work which they prefer to do, by reason of its lightness, by reason of its protection from the heat of the direct rays of the sun, the pouring rain, and the damp under the feet, by reason of its bringing in enough money to live well and comfortably. By law they would be driven to the fields to resume their more arduous work in all uncomfortable postures, to have the very marrow of their backbone parched up by the 130 deg. to 150 deg. of heat of the direct rays of the sun, to be soaked to the bones in the very heavy rains, and to live half hungry (for the earnings are very low)—that is, to feed upon their own flesh till nothing but skin and bone is left to enter an early grave. The shadows of the protecting factory laws have already chased away the children from the mills into the streets, and have retransformed them into their original nude skinny skeletons. We are told on high authority that one-fifth of the Indian population live the life of the half hungry, discontented, uncared for, broken down ryots. The mill industry has been materially reducing their number by transforming them into the well fed, loyal, and cared for, and healthy artisans, and thus has materially enhanced the humanizing influence of the British rule in her Majesty's Indian Empire. In all humanity and common sense, therefore, let no "hasty, unnecessary, and mischievous interference," from ingnorance of the true state of Indian operatives, re-enact a transformation scene, and dissolve away from view the present well fed, well clad, and healthy women of the Indian mills, with bright ornaments on their persons, and replace then by olden miserable, half consumed field labourers in rags and tatters.

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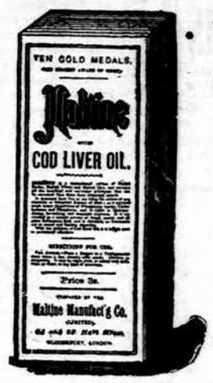

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